THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

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BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit:

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ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.

Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House. Jan. 22, '64.

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Rupp, Shannon & Co.,

have opened a Bank of Discount and Deposit, in Bedford, Pa. Money lent and taken on deposit, and collections made on moderate terms.

They also have lands in Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Missouri and Nebraska, for sale or trade.

Bedford, Oct. 30, 1863—tf.

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Auctioneers & Commission Merchants,

BEDFORD, PA.,

Respectfully solicit consignments of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, and all kinds of Merchandise for AUCTION and PRIVATE Sale.

REFERENCES.

PHILADELPHIA,	BEDFORD,
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Boyd & Hough,	Hon. W. T. Daugherty,
Armor Young & Bros.,	B. F. Meyers.

January 1, 1864—tf.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.

Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office on Julianna street, opposite the Bank, one door north of John Palmer's office.

Bedford, February 12, 1864.

U. H. AKERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bedford, Pa.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Military claims speedily collected.

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Bedford, September 11, 1863.

F. M. KIMMELL. J. W. LINGENFELTER,

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

☞ Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

MANN & SPANG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN P. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

☞ Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Juliana Street, (nearly opposite the Mengel House.)

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

A. G. COFFROTH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Somerset, Pa

Will hereafter practice regularly in the several Courts of Bedford county. Business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to.

December 6, 1861.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN,

BEDFORD, PA.,

☞ Would hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JACOB REED, J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

☞ DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

CORNER OF WOOD AND THIRD STREETS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HARRY SHIRLS PROPRIETOR.

April 12 1861.

RICHARD LEO.

MANUFACTURER OF

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand every thing in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, &C., &C.

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞ Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

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RICHARD LEO.

July 10, 1863.—tf.

WATERMAN, YOUNG & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

407 NORTH THIRD STREET,

ABOVE CALLOWHILL,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 7, 1863—1y.

A. A. SHUMWAY & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Boots & Shoes,

No. 221 Market Street, and 210 Church Alley,

PHILADELPHIA

March 7, 1863—1y.

Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 59. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER, 3095

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1864. VOL. 7, NO 28.

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One Square, each additional insertion less than three months 25

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Philadelphia Advertisements.

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BUSH & KURTZ,

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No. 137 North Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Silks and Dress Goods, Linens and White Goods, Laces and Embroideries, Shawls, Ribbons and Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves and Notions.

ALSO—Bleached Shirtings, Colored Cambrics Flannels, Jeans, Ginghams, &c.

March 6, 1863.—1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Diseases of the Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotence, and other affections of the Sexual Organs, Physical Debility and Premature Decay—new and reliable treatment, in reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

March 6, 1863—1y

GILLETTE & SCOTT,

AUCTIONEERS AND

Commission Merchants,

Jayne's Marble Building,

616 *Chestnut St., & 616 Jayne St.*

PHILADELPHIA.

JNO. E. GILLETTE. B. SCOTT, JR.

Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

C. D. M'CLEES & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS,

AND

INDIA RUBBER SHOES,

NO 133 NORTH THIRD STREET

OPPOSITE CHERRY ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

DR. TAYLOR, WM. K. HEMPHILL,

Taylor & Hemphill,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS,

220 Market Street, South side, between 2d and 3d,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 6, 1863—1y.

MILTON COOPER, WM. M. PARHAM, ROBT. D. WORK.

COOPER, PARHAM & WORK,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF

HATS, CAPS, FURS

AND

STRAW GOODS,

No. 51 North Third Street,

BETWEEN MARKET AND ARCH,

March 6, 1863—1y PHILADELPHIA.

MARTIN BUEHLER, R. H. HOWARD. } GEO. BONEBRIGHT, C. P. SUESSEROTT

BUEHLER, HOWARD & CO.

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

No. 441 Market St., below Fifth,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 6, 1863—1y.

NEWLIN, FERNLEY & CO.

HARDWARE

JOBBERS AND IMPORTING MERCHANTS,

No. 337 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in Butcher's Edge Tools and Files, together with a general Stock of English and American Hardware.

March 6, 1863.—1y

MICHAEL WARTMAN & CO.

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGAR

MANUFACTORY,

No. 313 North Third Street,

Second door below Wood,

PHILADELPHIA.

M. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.

March 6,—1y.

P. A. REED,

HAS ON HAND

AND CONSTANTLY KEEPS

A FULL SUPPLY

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

WHICH HE WILL SELL CHEAP FOR

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

THE SCHOOLMASTER ABROAD.

EDITED BY SIMON SYNTAX, ESQ.

All contributions to this column must be addressed to "Simon Syntax, box 93, Bedford, Pa."

Programme of Bedford Township Institute, for Feb. 13, 1864.

Class drill in Orthography, By J. T. Keagy.
Class drill in Compound Proportion, By A. D. Koontz.
Report on Methods of teaching Geography, By Miss E. Smith.
Class drill in Mental Arithmetic, By J. Songster.
Report on Mental Arithmetic, By J. A. Tomlinson.
Class drill Grammar, By H. W. Fisher.
Report on Recitation, By E. F. Kerr.
Report on Methods of teaching Articulation, By Miss Maggie O'Conner.

H. W. FISHER, Pres't.

JENNIE SMITH, Sec'ry.

HINTS TO TEACHERS.

Lord Shaftsbury recently stated in a public meeting in London, that from personal observation he had ascertained that of the adult male criminals of that city, nearly all had fallen in a course of crime between the ages of eight and sixteen years, and that if a young man lived an honest life up to the age of twenty, there were forty nine chances in favor, and only one against him, as to an honorable life thereafter. Teachers of the young, this is a fact worthy of your special notice and careful attention. Under your direct care the children of the land spend a great portion of those eight years, from eight to sixteen. The responsibility is a fearful one. You have absolute control over them for six hours each day and unless you wisely and carefully exercise that control, unless you assiduously watch their conduct, they will go astray and their erring will be charged to your negligence. It will be ascribed to your remissness, your neglect. Hence we are compelled to say, that the true source of a large percentage of the crime of our country lies right at the door of the teachers of our land. We present it to you and leave it to be thought of in wisdom. To faithfully attend to the daily recitations, to see that each pupil is in his proper place and that he does his work promptly and correctly, is but a small portion of your work. Your pupils require more than mere mental discipline. You must attend to their morals also. It is your duty to warn them against all vice. Youth is the seed time of life, and the seed you sow in the school room must, it will yield a harvest in riper years. It is not enough that you ask of them to deport themselves properly at school, but impress upon them the importance of good deportment everywhere. Warn them against the floods of vice that pour out from the doors of most of our public houses, from the low confectionary, the drinking saloon, the ball room. Teach them to shun the company of those whose ways lead down to the portals of social, physical and moral ruin. Awake in them a high sense of honor, a love for the institution of the Sabbath, an admiration for all that is great and noble, a reverence for religion. Remember, that to fill the soul with a noble sentiment is better than to teach a truth of science.

From eight to sixteen! In these few years are the destinies of so large a proportion of children fixed. Let every teacher vow: "I will work faithfully to fix the destiny of my pupils aright.

UNION Tp.

The Dead-Lock in the State Senate.

LETTER FROM EX-GOV. PACKER.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., Jan. 13, 1864.

HON. WM. HOPKINS—*Dear Sir*: If in these terrible times the community could be surprised at any thing which can happen, they would assuredly be astounded with the bold and revolutionary attempt, now being made by the party in power, to override the constitution, and to usurp the powers of our State Senate.

Nothing can be plainer than the constitutional requirement that the "General Assembly shall meet on the first Tuesday of January, in every year," and that *then* "each House shall choose its Speaker, and other officers." Not only is the Senate authorized and directed to choose *its* Speaker, and the House of Representatives to choose *its* Speaker, but *each* House, (that is, *every* House,) as it is constituted when the General Assembly meets, shall choose its Speaker and other officers. This has been the construction of those sections of the Constitution which has obtained without interruption, and without question from any quarter, from the adoption of the constitution, in 1790, until the meeting of the General Assembly, in 1864. The Speaker of a *former* "House" (as each branch of the Legislature is denominated,) only presides until the credentials of a *new* "House" are laid before him. Then he must retire. His duties have been performed, and his powers are ended. This is not only according to the constitution, but it is in strict conformity with the experience of the past.

John Tod, afterwards an eminent Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and one of the first lawyers in the State, so read the constitution, when, at the meeting of the General Assembly, in December, 1815, he took his seat on the floor of the Senate, and was re-elected to the chair which he had just vacated.—He was the Speaker during the entire session of 1814–15, and held over, and yet he did not dream of holding on to the chair, when the new Senate met, in the session of 1815–16.

The only instance in which a Speaker *can* hold over, is "when the Speaker shall exercise the office of Governor," and that case is specially provided for by the constitution. Recognizing the right of each House, at the meeting of the General Assembly, to elect its own Speaker, the constitution qualifies that right, and restrains it, "when the Speaker of the Senate shall exercise the office of Governor," and provides for the election of *a Speaker pro tempore, only* on such occasions. Why do this, if the Speaker, by virtue of his office, continued, at his discretion, to be Speaker after the meeting of the new Senate? It was foreseen that unless such contingency were provided for, a vacancy would happen, and the new Senate, by electing a new Speaker, would elect a new Governor. The election must be held; but the new Speaker, says the constitution, shall be Speaker *pro tempore* merely. The present nominal Speaker is a good lawyer, and he knows, that according to all the rules of construction, this special exception named, in restraint of the election of Speaker, excludes all other exceptions, and makes it obligatory on each new Senate, when the General Assembly meets, to "choose its Speaker and other officers." Thus the framers of the constitution themselves, gave it the construction which it has obtained from that day to this.

What right has the retiring Speaker to know that the thirty-two Senators present could not be trusted to organize the Senate? And how can it change his position if he did know it? Thirty-two Senators form a very full Senate.—Nine-tenths of the business of that body is transacted by a less number. If he be the proper Speaker of the Senate, then there is no vacancy, and can be no election. Is the present nominal Speaker willing to take that ground? Will he presume to say that each House, at the meeting of the General Assembly in 1864, shall not choose its own Speaker? Nothing is surer than that the Senate cannot choose a Speaker while there is a legitimate Speaker in the chair. If he decide that his powers and his duties continue, then he decides that there shall be no election. This, in my opinion, is a revolutionary, and flagrant usurpation of power, not justified by the practice of the past, nor sanctioned by the constitution, but in manifest derogation of both.

It is needless for me to say to you, after what I have written, that I heartily approve the course pursued by those members of the Senate, who stand by their constitutional rights.—To do otherwise, would be to surrender your manhood. I remain, very truly yours, &c.,

WM. F. PACKER.

Remarks of E. F. Meyers,

In the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, on the subject of providing Accommodations for the returning Volunteers.

In the House of Representatives, on Thursday, 28th ultimo, Mr. Rex, of Montgomery, offered the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, Many of the Pennsylvania volunteers are now, and have been, compelled to pass through Harrisburg on their way home to their families and friends, after an absence of nearly three years, during which time they have been compelled to undergo great hardships and privations, while battling for the preservation of the Constitution and the Union; and, to the disgrace of the constituted authorities, many of these patriotic men have been unable to find lodgings and rations at Camp Curtin, or elsewhere, during the time they have been compelled to remain here,—particularly the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry, Colonel W. B. Sipes commanding, who came into the city on Tuesday night last, and up to this time have not been furnished with accommodation, such as a patriotic and grateful government should have prepared for them, particularly when those in authority boast of their great friendship for the soldier: Therefore,

Be it Resolved, That in the opinion of this House, the military authorities of this State should immediately make arrangements for the reception, lodging and boarding of all returning volunteers, during their temporary stay in this city, and thereby wipe out the disgrace which has been brought upon the State, by thus neglecting those who have already proven their patriotism by deeds instead of words.

Mr. SMITH, of Chester, moved to amend the resolution by striking out all after the word 'city,' supporting his proposition by some remarks, during the course of which he used the following language:

"Now, let us provide for these men; but, sir, I hope that we shall not make the fact of providing for the soldiers, an occasion to cast aspersions which are unfounded. Why should we spread abroad throughout the land and the world, this kind of reproach upon the State of Pennsylvania?—because that is what it is. If it were true, *let us cover it up.*"

Mr. MEYERS, of Bedford, said: Mr. SPEAKER, I disagree, *in toto*, with my venerable friend from Chester. I have no belief in this business of "covering up" the iniquities of those who are called the constituted authorities of the State of Pennsylvania. The plea, that if we reveal these iniquities to the public eye, we cast reproach upon the Commonwealth, is without foundation in fact.

I have yet to learn, in the study of political economy, or of our form of government, that the Executive authorities (who have in their charge the matter to which this resolution refers) are the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Hence I cannot see how the adoption of this resolution would operate to "cast aspersions" upon the State. If the Executive authorities, who are the *agents* of the people, do wrong, it is our bounden, our sworn duty to expose them, and to correct the evil. We are the sentinels of the people, placed here to watch the conduct of their Executive agents, and we cannot, dare not, shirk the duties which pertain to our office.

Now, the question is, whether any evil exists in connection with the subject matter of the resolution under consideration. If there does, it is necessary that it should at once be exposed and corrected. If there does not, it will be eminently just and proper that the Executive authorities be publicly exculpated, and that all suspicion of malfeasance in office on their part be removed from the public mind.

Sir, I was spoken to, last night, by several officers of the 55th Pennsylvania volunteers—the regiment commanded by Col. DICK WHITE, a body of troops distinguished for their gallantry, and in which there are three companies from my own county—in regard to the condition of Camp Curtin and the manner in which they were treated on their arrival in this city. I was asked by them whether it was not possible that we could have accommodations provided for the reception of returning soldiers; and was requested to introduce, in this House, a resolution somewhat in the nature of that offered by the gentleman from Montgomery.

Whilst I do not desire to "cast any aspersions," or even reflections, upon the constituted authorities of the State of Pennsylvania, I think it is highly important, I think it absolutely necessary, that some inquiry into the condition of affairs at the military camps about this city, should be made; therefore, for the purpose of reaching this question practically, and without making a party or political issue out of it, I desire to move to amend the preamble and resolution now before the House, by striking out all after the word "Whereas," and inserting the following:

"It has come to the knowledge of the members of this House, that the accommodations at Camp Curtin for the reception of the soldiers now returning from the field, are insufficient and of a nature calculated to produce discomfort to, and generate disease among the troops; therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of three members of this House be appointed to inquire into the condition of Camp Curtin, to ascertain what arrangements have been made by the Executive Department for the reception and accommodation of the troops returning from the seat of war, and to report the result of their inquiries to this House, at as early a day as possible."

[MR. WATSON, of Philadelphia, here said, that the substitute "asserted what is not true"; MR. BIGHAM, of Allegheny, spoke of the friends of the resolution and substitute, trying to make "political capital" by sticking their noses into dirty, stinking holes and stirring them up"; and MR. LEE, of Philadelphia, said he "could not go before his constituents, as having, upon this occasion, made a 'buncombe' speech"]

MR. MEYERS resumed: MR. SPEAKER, I desire to say a few words in reply to the gentleman from Philadelphia, MR. WATSON, who spoke a few minutes ago. He says that the substitute offered by myself asserts what is not true.—Now, MR. SPEAKER, that substitute, in its preamble, makes only this assertion: "It has come to the knowledge of members of this House, that the accommodations at Camp Curtin are insufficient for the reception of the returning soldiers," &c. Sir, it *has* come to the knowledge of members of this House, that such is the case, that the accommodations at Camp Curtin are insufficient, and the condition of that place unfit for the reception of the returning volunteers. Officers of some of the regiments now in this city, have called, in person, upon members, and informed them concerning the mud and filth and dilapidation of Camp Curtin, at the same time complaining of the cool reception they received here upon their arrival. I will say further, that these regiments that have returned, did not come here after night, as alleged by some of the gentlemen on the other side of this House. At any rate, it was the business of the Executive authorities to know that they were coming, and to ascertain when they would arrive. I am sure it is not expected that the officers of regiments in South Carolina, or other remote places, (or the privates, forsooth,) are to write to Governor CURTIN, or any other of the authorities here at Harrisburg, that on a specified day they will be here, and that preparations ought to be made for their reception.

MR. SPEAKER, this resolution was not offered for the sake of "buncombe," as intimated by the gentleman from Philadelphia (MR. LEE).—Gentlemen on the other side of the House are in the habit of crying "buncombe!" "buncombe!" when an attempt is made to "stir up," as the gentleman from Allegheny said, the "stinking holes" that they have made upon the soil of this good old Commonwealth. The gentleman from Allegheny admits that Camp Curtin, and the other camps prepared for the reception of the returning soldiers, are "stinking holes," and, therefore, tacitly acknowledges the necessity for the appointment of this Committee. If there is anything "rotten in Denmark," let us have it smelt out.

I have not assailed the political party represented on the other side of this hall. It is not necessary that I should. I do not think that there is any danger that the gallant soldiers, the intelligent men of our armies, will misunderstand the position of that party. True, they misunderstood it once, but they cannot misunderstand it again. They understood once that the chief of that political organization in this State, was the friend of the soldier, but I have a fixed and firm belief that they will never regard him in that light again.

MR. SPEAKER, I would not have said this much of a partisan nature, had not the gentlemen on the other side assailed the friends of this resolution from a party stand-point, and charged them with endeavoring to make "political capital." Sir, I am simply seeking to discharge my duty to my constituents; for, three companies of the brave men now stuck fast in the mud at Camp Curtin, are my constitutents.—Whatever views I may hold in regard to the war, (and an unfortunate and unhappy war it certainly is), it is my duty to see that these men are properly treated. Political doctrines concerning the war have nothing to do with this matter. Members of this House have been informed by their constituents among the returned soldiers, that there is something wrong about the accommodations prepared by the Executive authorities for the reception of the furloughed veterans, and it is our duty to demand an inquiry into the alleged evil. We do not want a political or partizan investigation: we desire that it shall be full, and free from all bias whatever, whether political or otherwise. We ask for only this, but we ask it with the just and reasonable expectation that our request will be granted.

A DISBANDED VOLUNTEER.

NAYSHINAL HOTTEL, WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.

Eddytors of the Sunday Merkury:

The spriteliness of the American temperrament is remarkabul. We never cry over spilt milk; but on the contrary cut all sorts of didoes in the midst of trubble, like Irish mourners at the obsequiz of the ded. Civil war doosent shock our nervus sistems a mite. We larry the wiped-out and then go in for a fandango. Talkin to us about Taxashin perdooces no more effeck upon our spirits than the Lamentashins of Jerrymiah would perdooce on the sensabilities of a Goriller. We ken look bankrupcy squar in the face and dance a breakdown, and if the Union was acktilly to go to flinders tomorrer, we'd be bound to hev a good time gin-ally on the peaces of the wreck. It is an unrepressabil feater in the kurrickter of the citysins of this happy land, never to look a gnat thar noses, when thars resin to suspeck disaster ahed. And this in my opinyon, is the wisest fillossify goin. Its time enuff to think about danger when you run but up agen it. Sufficient for the day is the evil tharof, and more too. Let the futur take keer of itself, and be darned to it.

Eggscuse this prolog. It is subjected by wot I see around me in this gay and festive city.—

I skasely think that Babbylon was in higher fether, when an onknown hand cum out and writ a sentence in an onknown tung, in Belchazers bankwit hall. We dont hev no setch sperritual penmanship in these days, our hand ritin on the wall bein confind prencipully to Plantashin Bitters and similar improvin morril lessens witch them at runs may read. But I think of sum blessed angil would chark out "weighed in the balance and found wantin" over all the burrows of the War and Navy Departments, it would be a grand historical trooth that few would feel inklined to kwestin. Ef the same was placed in the form of a playkard on the forehead of the gifted Giddyun, I dunno of ennybody would say the inskripshin was libellious. But I am wanderin from the pint I hed in vew, as the toper sed when he was took inter a temprance hall, onder the impresshin that he was walkin inter a rum-seller. Wot I wonted to say woo, that the Capital of the Nayshin is goin it on the loose, as of onder the influewence of larfingas. Talk of the pipin times of peace, they warnt a suckemstance to these hi-sterical war times. Thousands and thousands of dollars is spent every week in reseptshins, and grand dinners and suppers, and all kinder fashinabul and pollytickle junkettings. It's a regular carnival, and the competishin among the big bugs to see who shell skwander most munny in rarey shows, is a caushin to guilt gingerbread, I should say that as a ginral thing, Congress hes never been jollier or more prosperus than doorin this session. The lobby is large and libral. Whiskey and tobacker is on hand in force, and ef enny additional taxes is pilet onto 'em, it wont be thar faults. Speshil intrests kant be put thro in Washington this winter on the Canawl-street plan. The greenbucks must be around, with big figgers onto em, greenbucks to effect enny useful purpurse—patryotism hevving ris in the Federal market as well as other cumoddities. Even the Kannucks has sent on a delegashin, to try and keep internayshinal russsypossity, like the handel of a jug, all on wun side. It seems to be thurrowly understood that Members of Congress and other publick funkshinaries must hev thar rebinin fees the same as lawyers, and it is wispered pretty loud that sum of em is as open to convickshin as 'young New York Tooms Shysters, and transacks bizness on simildar prencipals. Our system of gavernment as you air awar is founded on cumpromises, an sum as hes to do with its administrashin follers out the race by cumpromisin on a grand skale, atwixt thar britches pockets an' thar conshenses.

I hed a long palaver tuther day with a friend of mine in the spy trade, who has recently ben residin sevril weeks in Richmound, disguysed as a mortal enemee to the Star Spangled banner. He was in the habit of brekfastin with Jeff Davis, dining with Gineral Winder, and suppin with Mr. Ould. Wunste or twiste, by speshil rekwest, he slep with Mr Meninger. Konsekently his informashin is reliabul. He ses Davis isent more'n half the heft he was six months ago, and that Alec H. Stepheas, whose skin weight hes ushilly ben one hundred pounds, overdupoise, now barley weighs seventy-six and a blug of terbacker. This he attributs partly to spar diet, and partly to angsity of mind.—Most of the publick offirs, he ses, is so thin that you ken cumnost see threw 'em, and even the most substanshill citysins has becum poor. He states that the Rebil authoritys all acknolledge they see the beginnin of the end, and fear it is a rope's end with a slip not to it. This is gallus good noose, and it gives me grate pleshur to make it publick. The Rebel armies—I larn from the same Vorashus source—is all to be disbanded airly in the Spring, with an eggsception to organize in small squods and cook our goose on the griller plan. Spies hev been of amense use to us in this war. Thar reports hes allus ben ackurit to the last degree, and I hev no dout that this last ackount is as correck as enny that hes preseeded it not excepting the awethentick dockyment publisht a few days ago in that partryotic and Uitree-Union paper, the New York World.

The Greatest and Best autherpise known as "The Man of Age", and familyarly as the seckind Washington, is salubrus. His leves is copiously attended, and he dellies his numerus rayther than seleck odditories with a perpetyal feast of resin, and a flow of soul that it would not be too much to call a spirityal freshet. Like good wine, the older he gits the brighter he gits. It is a priveledge to lissen to him; and to call him friend is an honor so distinguished that I would not resine it to exchange places on the musty roll of fame with John Bsown or Sippyo Africanus. He desires his regairds, and believin him in all respeks worthy of the next Presidency, and wishing he may get it, I remain

For self and illustrus frend, Yours allus,

A DISBANDED VOLUNTEER.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

JOHN PALMER, Assistant.

FRIDAY : : : FEBRUARY 12, 1864.

What They Promised.

THE FRIENDS OF GOV. CURTIN PROMISED THE PEOPLE THAT IF THEY WOULD RE-ELECT HIM, THE WAR WOULD END IN 30 DAYS AND THERE WOULD BE NO MORE DRAFTING. HOLD THEM TO THEIR PROMISES.

The Democratic Meeting.

The meeting of the Democracy on Monday night last, was one of the largest Winter gatherings we have ever attended. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, the court-room was packed to its utmost capacity, many persons being compelled to stand for want of seats.—The feeling of dissatisfaction with the Administration was very intense and manifested itself by the most vociferous applause of every thing said in criticism of its policy. The speeches of Henry G. Smith Esq., of McConnellsburg and W. J. Baer, Esq., of Somerset, were efforts of great eloquence and power. To say truth, we had not expected half so good a meeting as this was; but our agreeable disappointment only proves to us that Democracy is invincible and cannot be destroyed. God has, doubtless, preserved the party of Jefferson and Jackson for some great and momentous purpose. If this were not so it would never have survived the fiery ordeal through which it has been compelled to pass during the last few years. But neither fraud nor corruption, nor treachery, nor mobs not even cold steel itself, has proved equal to the task of destroying the Democratic party. Infinite Wisdom has interposed to preserve it for the nation's good, and in Gods own good time, the opportunity will come for Democracy to pour out its blessings upon the land. Therefore, be patient. "Learn to labor and to wait." Work on, and fear not. Stand your ground. Run from nothing. Keep your place in the ranks. Think not of leaving the country. The battle of liberty must be fought at your own homes—at the ballot-box. Wage the contest to the end and the Almighty Author of Liberty will give you success.

INCENDIARISM.—On Wednesday night, third instant, the dwelling-house of Aaron Hill, in West Providence township, was consumed by fire. Mr. Hill had been absent from home some weeks, and Mrs. Hill, on the Monday previous, had gone to her father's, in the Southern part of the county. Every thing, furniture, clothing and all, contained within the house was destroyed. This was evidently the work of an incendiary. He should be ferreted out and punished. Let the citizens of West Providence organize themselves into a Vigilance Committee and drive the scoundrel from his hiding-place.

EDITORIAL VISITOR.—We had the pleasure, on last Monday, of welcoming to our sanctum, our friend Henry G. Smith, Esq., the fearless and talented editor of the Fulton *Democrat*.—Mr. Smith is in excellent health and judging from the account he gives of the Democracy of Fulton, they must also "enjoy the same blessing." As will be seen by the proceedings of the Democratic meeting on monday night last, Mr. Smith was one of the speakers on that occasion. His speech was a powerful vindication of Democratic truth and made a deep and lasting impression upon his hearers. The Democracy may well be proud of men like Henry G. Smith.

NOTICE TO POSTMASTERS.—There is a great deal of complaint against certain Postmasters in this county, on account of their withholding papers from persons to whom they are directed. We will not mention any names at present; but if these officials continue this kind of conduct, we give them notice that they will be attended to.

☞"The Little Giant Sewing Machine Company" desire to employ an agent in the county for the sale of their machine. It is said to be an excellent invention. See advertisement in another column. T. S. Page, Agent, Toledo, O.

☞We are under obligations to Hon. A. H. Coffroth, M. C., and Hon. C. L. Pershing of the State Legislature, for documents.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of W. S. Beegle in another column. If you wish to purchase good personal property, attend the sale.

THE ONLY TRUE PURGATIVE.

DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

"I would rather have one box of Dr. Radway's Pills, than all other pills in the world.—They are pills that cure. When you take a dose of these pills, you can depend upon the expulsion of the diseased humors from the system: the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Kidneys, System, Skin and Blood are acted upon, and and the bowels after an operation induced by Radway's Pills, are left as clean and healthy as the stomach would be after a dose of lobelia. No straining, weakness, or wrenching pains, or pills or tenesmus, but a thorough and natural evacuation is the result."

This is the testimony of one of the most distinguished physicians in the world. Never were truer words uttered. Radway's Pills are pills that cure." The sufferer of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Billiousness, Costiveness, Jaundice, Dropsy, &c., may rely upon an absolute cure, by the use of one to six boxes. It is not necessary to take these pills for months or years to accomplish a cure. They should be used in all cases where a cathartic is required.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING!

An Immense Gathering!!

Pursuant to notice the Democracy of Bedford county assembled, in vast numbers, at the Court House, on Monday evening last. The meeting was called to order by the Chairman of the County Committee, John P. Reed, Esq.—On motion, Col. F. D. BEEGLE, of St. Clair, was chosen President. The following named persons were selected as Vice Presidents:

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Samuel Davis, Hugh Moore, Geo. Rhodes, James Burns, Archibald Blair, Jacob Bowser, Andrew Crisman, J. C. Devore, W. A. Powell, Moses Mellwaine, Jos. B. Noble, J. B. Fluke, Philip J. Shoemaker, Thomas Donahoe, Daniel Fletcher, Wm. States, William Pearson, John Fulton, Solomon Steele, Samuel Whip, D. A. T. Black, John S. Schell, Richard Langdon.

SECRETARIES.

J. T. Gephart, George Reimund, Jacob B. Anderson, James M. Reynolds.

On motion a committee to draft resolutions and select a representative delegate and recommend a senatorial delegate to the next Democratic State Convention, was appointed. The Committee was composed of two persons from each election district, as follows: E. F. Kerr, J. H. Rush, W. O. Leary, I. D. Earnest, Wm. States, Johnson Hafer, John C. Figart, J. A. J. Pearson, W. S. Beegle, Samuel H. Feather, James Cessna, John Blair, G. W. Horn, J. C. Miller, Caspar Stroup, Wm. Keyser, Solomon Steel, J. B. Fluke, B. Voluntine, Levi Devore, L. Housare, B. B. Steckman, Joseph Black, L. Otto, J. H. Koontz, D. A. T. Black, F. Friend, E. Foster, John S. Schell, Peter Dewalt, N. N. Koons, J. G. Hartley, Hugh Wilson, E. Northcraft, Jacob Walter, Samuel Beckley, George Beegle, Francis Beard, W. H. Burns, W. M. Pearson, J. I. Noble, Aaron Reed.

During the absence of the committee the meeting was ably and eloquently addressed by Henry G. Smith, of McConnellsburg, W. J. Baer, Esq., of Somerset, Wm. Lyon, Esq., and others.

E. F. Kerr, Esq., chairman of the committee on resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, By the Democracy of Bedford county in mass meeting assembled, that to labor for the restoration of the administration of the Federal Government to the principles and policy of the Fathers of the Republic, which gave to all the States a just and equitable status within the Union, which erected a strong and vigorous nationality, yet preserved the liberty of the citizen to a degree before unparalleled in the history of civilization, is the paramount duty of every man who loves his home, his country, or his civil freedom.

Resolved, That we are now, as we have always been, *unconditionally* for the restoration of the Union; that, unlike the *conditional* "Unionists," who declare their unwillingness to consent to the restoration of the Union, except upon *condition* that negro slavery shall be totally abandoned by the people of the States in revolt, we are willing to receive those States back into the Union, whenever their people shall return to their allegiance to the Constitution, regarding the fundamental law of the land and the enactments made by Congress, in accordance therewith, as the only authority to which we can ask obedience, and as providing the sole but amply sufficient punishment for the crime of treason.

Resolved, That the greatest danger, the most imminent peril to our country, growing out of the present unhappy civil war, is the tendency of our civil rulers towards despotism. The war is a question of months, or years; civil liberty is a question of centuries of the past, and if disturbed, must agitate the ages of the future, till Eternity itself shall dawn.

Resolved, That we will uphold and defend, at the cost of life itself, the free institutions purchased by the blood of the Revolution and transmitted to us as the most precious legacy that could be bequeathed to their posterity by the heroic fathers of the Republic. Among these we hold especially dear the rights of Freedom of Speech, Freedom of the Press, Freedom of the Ballot, and the right of each State to regulate and control its domestic affairs in its own way, subject only to such restrictions as are imposed by the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, That in the future we MUST and WILL HAVE a fair and free choice of our civil rulers; that we will no longer tolerate the system of fraud, intimidation and corruption, which has been inaugurated by the party now in power, and that we feel it our duty not merely to our party, but to our country, to rid the people of this incubus upon the will of the majority.

Resolved, That we will always sustain the *Government*, as defined by the organic law of the Republic, and we will uphold the *administration of the Government* when we think it right and condemn it when we think it wrong.

Resolved, That we rejoice in the course pursued by the State Treasurer, Hon. W. V. McGrath, and by the Democratic members of the Legislature, in resisting the attempt of the Governor and his Abolition advisers, to repudiate the honest obligations of Pennsylvania, by refusing to pay the interest on the State debt in coin.

Resolved, That we approve of the efforts made by the Democrats in Congress and in our State Legislatures, to increase the pay of volunteers, believing it far better to give the money of the Government to the faithful soldier, than to permit it to be stolen by contractors, or what is worse, used by the Abolitionists in bribing voters.

Resolved, That we hail with pride and satisfaction the noble stand made for law and right and against usurpation and wrong, by the gallant sixteen Democrats in the State Senate; and we send them words of cheer, bidding them to remain firm to the end, standing, as they do, in the Thermopylæ of Pennsylvania's State Sovereignty.

Resolved, That we recommend to the Democrats of the several districts of the county, to renew their local organizations, to see that honest and reliable men are chosen election officers, and discarding all trifling special issues, to stand together in defence of the right, breast to breast and shoulder to shoulder, looking forward to a brighter day, when the sun of Democracy, the glorious luminary of LIBERTY, shall rise once more in all the effulgence of its pristine splendor and light the nations upon their march toward that millennial era, when people shall learn war no more and "garments rolled in blood" shall have passed away forever.

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the course of our able and efficient Representative in Congress, Hon. A. H. Coffroth; that his untiring energy and unflagging devotion to the interests of his constituents, have been observed by us, with pleasure; and that we especially approve of the measure originated by him to have the examinations under the Conscription held in the county towns, instead of as heretofore, at one end of the district.

Resolved, That William Foster, William Gillespie, and Isaac Mengel be and they are hereby appointed Senatorial Conferees, to meet similar Conferees from Somerset and Huntingdon counties, to select a Senatorial Delegate to represent this Senatorial District in the next Democratic State Convention and they are hereby instructed to support for Senatorial Delegate the Hon. W. P. Schell.

John Palmer, Esq., declined being a candidate before the meeting for delegate to the State Convention and on his motion the following resolu was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Hon. W. T. Daugherty be and he is hereby appointed Representative delegate, to represent Bedford county in the next Democratic State Convention.

Hon. W. P. Schell offered the following resolution, which was also adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Bedford county will overlook the hesitation and want of firmness on the part of any of its members, in regard to the past; but for the future, it hereby declares its firm, earnest and solemn determination to hold every man an enemy to its organization, who does not take an open bold and decided position in its ranks.

Resolved, That we approve of the course of B. F. Meyers, Esq., our Representative in the Legislature of this State, and that we will sustain him in all his endeavors to enforce the Constitution and the laws.

After a few words from Mr. Meyers the meeting adjourned with three cheers for Democracy the Constitution and the Union.

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

We publish the following letter, hoping it will be as interesting to our readers as it is to us.

ASSISTANT ED.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Jan. 21, 1864.

FRIEND PALMER:

With your permission I would congratulate you upon your assumption of the duties of "Assistant Editor of the Gazette" and wish you success in all your undertakings. Every thing is quiet and it is quite dull here now, and in our little "cabin houses" we are enjoying a short respite from more active duty. Save being on picket three days out of every nine, we have little to do. Until quite recently this cavalry division (Gregg's) had been kept moving around, either changing position or raiding into the vallies above us. A couple of weeks ago the division went into winter quarters, but how long they will enjoy them it is difficult to say. The week preceding Christmas this Brigade the (2,) was sent to Luray in Page county, Va., Sperryville, Thorntons Gap &c. We had quite a holliday season, riding forty miles per day with fine prospects of passing Christmas in the saddle. We succeeded in burning a few tanneries and other manufactories belonging to the rebel government, captured a considerable amount of poultry and ruined the bright anticipations of a considerable number of of Johny Rebs, who were at home on furlough, to spend the holidays. At Luray Court House we heard a lady exclaim, "Indeed I believe the Yankee Cavalry are born devils, coming down here at the Hollidays driving away our dear ones, stealing our poultry and tobacco, and ruining our Christmas in general! We endeavored to convince them that if they became acquainted with us they would find us as fine a set of fellows as ever they met, that appropriating turkeys and chickens to their own use was an act learned when quite young by the yankees, and that there was a peculiar species of attraction, that caused our fingers to wander to the feathers of a fowl. Incredulous looks informed us that they believed us to be lying, and we would venture to wage our sabre against the leg of a fowl, that in their midnight dreams they yet imagine that the yankees are charging through the town of Luray.

But away with nonsense, many soldiers in the army, who hail from Bedford county are and have been re-enlisting. Many or at least a majority of these men are credited to other counties, cities or towns, some perhaps are enticed by county and some influenced by other reasons. Now this is not altogether fair for the old county of Bedford to be robbed of her rights, and those most interested should see that she is dealt justly by. When the next draft takes place, some will learn, perhaps, wherein part of the difficulty lies, we may be mistaken in our conjectures, and we trust that we are if not for the sake of those who do not like to be drafted, or come to the army, at least on account of Bedford county.

A recent order from head quarters cavalry corps army of the Potomac, orders that all guerillas or rebel soldiers caught in our uniform shall be hung upon the spot, and specifies a punishment for commissioned or non-commissioned officers and soldiers, for permitting such persons to approach them, whilst on duty. Every guerilla should be hung without mercy, and sent to the regions of Pluto on a "double quick."

Among the recent visitors to the army of the Potomac, we had the pleasure of meeting one of the citizens of Bedford, (*all the way from Texas.*) We presume that during his stay here he did not form a very favorable opinion of army life; and, no doubt, he is aware, from experience, that there are more bewitching viands in this world than "salt pork, hard tack and swollop," (he has a very indifferent opinion of the merits of "swollop.") All are patiently waiting for the winter to pass away and the summer to come. Wishing you a pleasant winter, I remain, yours, &c., BEDFORD.

At camp Douglas, near Chicago, in the recent cold weather, eighty soldiers on guard, had their feet, ankles and hands so badly frozen that they are incapacitated for duty for some time, many for life. Two rebel prisoners who escaped were frozen to death.

Mrs. Lamb, of Jackson county, Indiana, froze to death in her own house on the night of the 1st, for lack of sufficient bedclothing to protect her from the severity of the weather. She was very old, and was in most destitute circumstances.

EAST OF THE MOUNTAINS,
January 26, 1864.

EDITORS GAZETTE:

Perhaps a line from this quarter may not be uninteresting to some of the readers of the Gazette. Our Court of Quarter Sessions has been in session for ten days with the usual amount of criminal business, with which we have at all times been blessed; though, under the benign influence of his Honor, Judge Nill, this has been greatly thwarted of late. The cases are now mostly of a *lighter* shade than they have been for some time back. I do think (pardon my egotism) that ours has been the most nigger ridden Court in the State. During the entire term, which sometimes is of two week's duration, the Court House steps, halls, witness rooms, and, in fact, every available spot is filled with niggers. Nig's of all sorts and sizes—colored ladies with colored babies in their arms, venerable colored gentlemen, colored girls, and colored young gentlemen, all having business of the utmost importance. If only "these *much abused free Americans of African descent*," can have an occasional side-talk with some one of our numerous young attorneys, it is the embodiment of all Mr. Cuff's earthly felicity—the summit of nigger glory is attained—he "am satisfied dis gemman am some, kase he knows de proclamation by heart fust rate." But our present judge is giving these *very* interesting people to understand that we can have an occasional session without their august presence. We have had some particularly interesting cases this session, wherein some mighty disclosures have been made—some that greatly startled our goodly citizens, who are ready to exclaim "verily sin stalks abroad in our good—superlatively good—county." The dear old folks don't seem to be cognizant of the fact, that young America holds the reins now, and that they are far behind the age.

Your correspondent didn't go to see Mr. Curtin, the magical peace maker, re-inaugurated. He thought he would feel the effects of his thirty day peace at home, having beheld the wonderful man upon several occasions before. He, therefore, shoved his "greenbacks" deeper into his pockets and——staid *to hum*. No doubt the Ball gotten up for this occasion was a splendid affair, and why should it not be? Andy is elected, the war is ended, no more drafts—but plenty of *draughts*—no more fatherless children, no one out in the bitter cold, no one sticking knee deep in Virginia soil—no, no, none of these (not, I mean, in Brant's hall, where the dance goes merrily on in honor of Andy's election.) But we must forget widows and orphans and cripples, all amid this festive scene. "Away with melancholy!" Go where the poor sentinel stands, or treads his lonely beat, thinking of loved ones at home—in the loathsome hospital—but come not here—not here! this is Curtin's Ball.

The peace of the people, or rather the amicable adjustment of this *little* difficulty in thirty days that we were to have, we *can't see*. But some *will see* the draft in a surprisingly short time; the dreaded draft, and Andy can't make good his promise, nor does he want to. But thanks to the generosity of our town fathers, we are to have no draft this time—our quota is a little more than full. Recruiting has been going on quite actively for some time. Sergeant Ferguson, of Fort Bunker Hill, formerly of your place, has been quite active and energetic, also Capt. Ward, 11th Pa. cavalry, Captain Hulling, of the 21st cavalry, and others. We have any amount of soldiers (six months' men) here now. Some of them, one would suppose, not more than half civilized, if their conduct can be taken as an indication. One thing is certain, there is tenfold more noise and drunkenness in our streets than when the rebels were amongst us. They are something like the *gallant* militia that came to the defence of your beautiful town, last summer. What some of them can't *steal* they *destroy*. I am happy to say, though, that the Bedford boys who are here conduct themselves in a gentlemanly manner. Most of them have re-enlisted under their former officer, Capt. Lyons, to whom they seem to be much attached.

Business here is much better than it has been at this season for years. This, no doubt, is owing to the large number of soldiers here, with plenty of "Greenbacks." Nevertheless, when these gents come in, most of them require close watching.—The views of your Harrisburg correspondent are sound and logical. More anon. Yours, &c., SOUTH MOUNTAIN.

General News.

It was a trick of the romancers, especially those of the Anna Radcliffe school, to break off their most important chapter suddenly at a point when the interest of the situation was at its height. In a somewhat similar manner the correspondents from Cumberland, the headquarters of General Kelley, have dealt with the public in regard to the Confederate raid which has recently occurred in that quarter. We had, first of all, the story of the capture of the Government trains whilst on their way to Petersburg, in Hardy county. Then followed the evacuation of Petersburg by Colonel Thoburn, and its occupation by the enemy. We had next, intelligence of the very vigorous pursuit of the daring raiders, which General Kelly had promptly instituted, and at that point, also, the telegram stopped. To this succeeded the raid on Patterson Creek; the partial burning of the bridge; the capture of a portion of the guards at that point; the retreat of the Confederates, and Averill's, or rather Sullivan's, bold cavalry dash to intercept them. Next we had the report of an engagement at Mechanicsburg Gap, from which the enemy were forced to retreat, after losing many prisoners; and, finally, we learn under date of February 4th—Thursday last—that the Confederates were overtaken near Moorefield, in Hardy county, on that day; that they evidently intended to dispute the passage of the river, and that the Federal forces were in position, the artillery having just opened. Here the telegram stops in true Anna Radcliffe style, and since that time no correspondent has vouchsafed to give us intelligence of the result.—*Balt. Gazette.*

Dispatches dated on Monday last at Newbern North Carolina, reported that the Confederates had advanced in two bodies and simultaneously threatened an attack on Morehead City and Newbern respectively. At the former place they were supposed to be in very heavy force, and it was feared from their proximity to the railroad, they would break up the communication between the two places. The body which advanced on the south side of the Trent River, in the direction of Newbern, was repulsed; but the heavier force, which menaced Morehead City, as we learn through a dispatch from Newbern to Fortress Monroe, dated on the evening of the 2d inst. —Tuesday last, subsequently attacked the Federal garrison at Newport—took possession of the railroad between Newport and Morehead City, and surrounded the post at Evan' Mills. Col. Jordan, we are told, still holds Morehead City, but may be forced to retire to Fort Macon in Beaufort harbor. The gunboat Underwriter was surprised and captured and destroyed by the Confederates..

From West Virginia.

WHEELING, Va., Feb. 5.—Governor Boreman received the following from General Kelley this morning:

"I have just received a dispatch from Colonel Mulligan, stating that, after six hours' hard fighting, he has driven the Rebels, under Early, from Moorefield, and his cavalry was pursuing, and was sharply engaged with General Rosser on the South Fork at the date of the dispatch."

NEW YORK, Feb. 5. We have received the following special dispatches this evening:

IN THE FIELD, Feb. 4, 6 P. M.—After six hours' hard fighting, Col. Mulligan drove Gen. Early from Moorefield, and they sharply engaged Gen. Rosser on the South Fork. We have met with signal and brilliant success.

HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, WEST VIRGINIA, Feb. 5.—Gen. Early has been compelled to retreat up the South Fork of the South Branch, towards the Shenandoah Valley, in consequence of the vigorous manner in which he has been attacked and pursued by Gen. Kelley's forces.

Our combinations have proved successful in defeating the enemy's designs. We have taken a number of prisoners, and have recaptured many of those taken from us. Our forces drove the emeny out of Petersburg.

The enemy have lost a large number of men by desertion, and deserters continue to come in. The occupation of the wires with military business precludes the possibility of sending a longer dispatch at this time.

From the Baltimore American.

The Attack on Patterson's Creek Bridge.

PATTERSON'S CREEK, Va. Feb. 4—9 P. M.—Messrs. Editor Baltimore American: As there are various reports afloat in regard to the surprise and capture of a company of the 54th Pennsylvania Infantry, stationed at this place, I have concluded to drop you a line and give a brief account of the affair. About half past eleven o'clock A. M. of the 2d instant, ninety Rebels, commanded by the notorious guerrilla Maj. Gilmore, came to our pickets who were stationed three hundred yards from the platform. As the Rebels were dressed in our uniform, they captured the pickets without the firing of a gun, and from thence they came to the camp, where they killed two of our men, wounded four and captured all the rest save ten, who made their escape to Cumberland, Maryland. About 12 o'clock the Rebels proceeded to the North Branch bridge, which they injured considerably. The Rebels were about three hundred and eighty in number, commanded by Gen. Rosser.

Captain Bristow, of the 12th regiment Western Virginia volunters, is now in command at this place. He and his boys have been doing good service. The bridges are already repaired and the trains passing over.

Yours, &c., H.

—MARRIED—

SCOTT—STUCKEY.—On Thursday, January 28, by Rev. R. P. Sample, Mr. JOHN W. SCOTT to Miss M. EMILY STUCKEY, both of Bedford township.

RITCHEY—SUMMERVILLE.—On the 4th inst, at the residence of Mr. James Davis, by John McCleery, Esq., Mr. JAMES RITCHEY to Miss FRANCES SUMMERVILLE.

—DIED—

ALLISON.—Dec. 15th, 1863, at Beaufort, S. C. Jacob W. Allison, a member of Co. K, 55th Reg't, P. V., aged 32 years and 11 months.

CROYLE.—January 15, in Union township, Mrs. Ann Croyle, aged 83 years, 11 months and 15 days.

REAP.—February 3, at the residence of her brother, Mary Magdalene Reap, aged 76 years and 4 months.

DAVIS'—In Charlesville, Friend's Cove, on Friday evening, December 25, 1863, Sarah Ellen Davis, aged 23 years, 7 months and 29 days.

FORD.—In Ground Hog Valley, on Wednesday morning, January 27, 1864, Susannah, wife of David Ford, aged 58 years.

DIEHL.—In Friend's Cove, February 4th, after a protracted illness, Nicholas Diehl, aged 28 years, 2 months and 20 days.

NOTICE.

My fees as Prothonotary, &c., can be paid at the Banking House of Reed & Schell, who are authorized to receipt for the same until the May Court, after which time they will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Feb. 12. AB'M. B. BUNN.

BRIDGE SALE

The Commissioners will sell, on Tuesday, March 8th, 1864, to the lowest and best bidder, a bridge to be built across the Raystown Branch of the Juniata, near George Rondes' mill, in Liberty township.

Plan and specifications will be exhibited on day of sale. By order of the Commissioners.

JOHN G. FISHER, Clerk.

February 12, 1864.

ELECTION.

The Stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company will hold an election for five managers, at the house of James Frazer, in Schellsburg, on the first Monday in March next, between the hours of one and three o'clock, P. M.

A. E. SCHELL, Sec'ry.

February 12, 1864.

STRAY HEIFER.

Taken up trespassing upon the premises of the subscriber residing in Cumberland Valley, sometime in September last, a two year old heifer, blue sides, white back and belly, no ear marks. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN C. MORGART.

February 12, 1864.

$75 TO $150 Per Month.

THE LITTLE GIANT SEWING MACHINE Company want an Agent in each county. to solicit orders for their new $15 Machine, with gauge, screw-driver and extra needles. We will pay a liberal salary and expenses, or give large commission. For particulars, terms, &c., enclose a stamp, and address

T. S. PAGE, Toledo, O.,
Gen'l Agent for the U. States.

February 12, 1864—3m.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscribers, executors of the last will of Frederick Berkheimer, dec'd., will sell at public sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, March 4, 1864, the following described tract or parcel of land, viz:

Fifty-seven Acres and 58 Perches

net measure, situate in St. Clair township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of Isaac Berkheimer, Jenet Dobson, John Crisman's heirs and Rebecca Sleek. Ten or twelve acres are cleared, having some good fruit trees thereon, the balance is well timbered, there is a never-failing spring of good water on the premises. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. when the terms will be made known.

JACOB WALTER,
JACOB BERKHIMER,
Ex'rs.

Feb. 12, 1864.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS—WARRANTED IN ALL CASES. Can be relied on! Never fail to cure! Do not nauseate! Are speedy in action! No change of diet required! Do not interfere with business pursuits! Can be used without detection! Upward of 200 cures the past month—some of them very severe cases. Over one hundred physicians have used them in their practice, and all speak well of their efficacy, and approve of their composition, which is entirely vegetable, and harmless on the system.—Hundreds of certificates can be shown.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS are the original and only genuine Specific Pill. They are adapted for male and female, old or young, and the only reliable remedy for effecting a permanent and speedy cure in all cases of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, with all its train of evils, such as Urethral and Vaginal Discharges, Gleet, the Whites, Nightly or Involuntary Emissions, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Impotence, Weakness or Loss of Power, Nervous Debility, &c., &c., all of which arise principally from Sexual Excesses or Self-Abuse, or some constitutional derangement, and incapacitates the sufferer from fulfilling the duties of married life. In all sexual diseases, as Gonorrhea, Gleet, and Strictures, and in Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, they act as a charm! Relief is experienced by taking a single box.

Sold by all the principal druggists. Price $1.

They will be sent by mail, securely sealed, and confidentially, on receipt of the money, by

J. BRYAN, M. D.,
No. 76 Cedar street, New York,
Consulting Physician for the treatment of Seminal, Urinary, Sexual, and Nervous Diseases, who will send, free to all, the following valuable work, in sealed envelope:

THE FIFTIETH THOUSAND—DR. BELL'S TREATISE on Self-Abuse, Premature Decay, Impotence and Loss of Power, Sexual Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Nightly Emissions, Genital Debility, &c., &c., a pamphlet of 64 pages, containing important advice to the afflicted, and which should be read by every sufferer, as the means of cure in the severest stages is plainly set forth. Two stamps required to pay postage.

December 4, 1863—1yac

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what causes the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. Price $1.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepaid, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agent,
No. 76 Cedar st., New York.

☞Sold by all the principal druggists.

December 4, 1863—1ysc.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

Saturday, the 12th day of March,

next, the farm of which Peter Hillegass lately died seized, to wit: A TRACT OF LAND, containing 240 acres (less eight acres sold off,) situate in St. Clair township, in said county, adjoining lands of Richard E. McMullin, Eliza Blackburn, Jesse K. Smith and others, about 70 acres cleared and under cultivation, including 20 acres of meadow, the balance timber land. The improvements consist of a

Two Story Log Dwelling House,

and TWO TENANT HOUSES,

GRIST MILL and double geared SAW MILL, running a circular and vertical saw and a pair of chopping stones, and a DISTILLERY. These mills are driven by water from a spring on the farm, one of the finest water powers in the county. Also, a Double Log Barn and other out-buildings, and two Apple Orchards thereon.

This desirable property is in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to churches and schools, being about four miles north of Schellsburg, on the road leading to Hollidaysburg Title indisputable.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money in hand at the confirmation of sale, and the balance in two annual payments thereafter, to be secured by judgment notes. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock, M., of said day. Persons desiring information in regard to the property are referred to J. P. Reed, Esq., Bedford.

MICHAEL HILLEGAS,
JACOB H. HILLEGAS, of P.,
Adm'rs.

February 12, 1864.

Public Sale

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

JOHN ALSIP, Auctioneer.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, at his residence in Colerain township, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of March next, the following valuable personal property, viz:

12 head of Horses, 15 head of Cattle, (some are fresh milk cows,) several Hogs and Sheep, Threshing Machine, broad wheeled Wagon, narrow wheeled four horse Wagon and bed, Spring Wagon, falling top Buggy, nearly new, Sulkey, Cart, Sleds and Sleighs, Grain Drill, Ploughs, Harrows, Horse gears, Saddles and Bridles, Double and Single Harness, Double and Single trees, Fifth Chain, Log Chain, &c. Corn and Oats by the bushel, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Cooking Stoves, Ten plate Stove, Coal Stove, Eight day Clock, Cupboards, Desks, Bedsteads, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when the terms will be made known.

WILLIAM S. BEEGLE.

February 12, 1864.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung affections, (free of charge) by sending their address to

Rev. E. A. WILSON, Williamsburgh,
Jan 22—6t Kings Co., New York.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

BEDFORD, PA.

S. S. Diehl and William Dibert would respectfully announce to their friends in Bedford county, and the public generally, that they have leased for a term of years, this large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Julianna streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," and lately kept by Mrs. S. Filler.

This house is being thoroughly re-fitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and quiet temporary home. Every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges will be moderate. Extensive stabling is attached to this Hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance.

Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

Coaches leave this house daily (Sunday excepted) at 6 o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the trains going East from Mount Dallas and Bloody Run. A coach will also leave tri-weekly (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) for Somerset. The traveling public will find it decidedly to their advantage to stop with them.

Bedford, Jan. 22, 1864—tf.

Just Received A full Supply of Groceries.

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S.

August 14 the 1863

Iron City College

Hon. Wilson M'Candless,

Judge of the United States Circuit Court, Presi dent

Corner Penn and St. Clair Sts., Pittsburg, Penn.

The Largest, Cheapest and Best.

$35 *Pays for a full Commercial Course.*

☞No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping. Ministers' Sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced teachers and practical accountants, who prepare young men for active business at the least expense and shortest notice, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. DIPLOMAS granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

PROF. A. COWLEY, the best Penman of the Union, who holds the largest number of 1ST PREMIUMS, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

CIRCULARS containing full information sent FREE on application to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH,
Pittsburg, Pa.

☞Attend where the Sons and Clerks of Bankers and Business Men graduate.

November 6, 1863.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Curtis S. Cooper, late of Monroe township, Bedford county, dec'd., will sell at public sale on SATURDAY, the 5th day of MARCH, 1864, upon the premises, all the following real estate, viz:

All that certain plantation or tract of land situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of William Hixon, Catharine Hebner, And'w Irons, Michael Hebner and others, containing 328 acres and 137 perches and allowance, being the mansion place of said deceased, and having a two story Frame Dwelling House, Log Stable and other out-buildings thereon erected, about 60 acres of said land are cleared and under fence, and the balance is well timbered. There is also a fine apple orchard and plenty of good spring water upon the premises.

This land will be sold in parts or altogether, to suit the convenience of purchasers.

Terms made known on day of sale.

DANIEL FLETCHER, Adm'r.

February 12, 1864.

FARM FOR SALE.

I will offer at public sale on SATURDAY, 27th FEBRUARY, inst, my farm, situated one mile north of the borough of Bedford, adjoining lands of John Amos, Jonathan Diehl, John Weisel and Sam'l Carney, containing *NINETY TWO ACRES.*

The improvements are a good log house and log barn, there is a well of good water and an excellent orchard near the house. The soil is a superior gravelly limestone, equal to the Chestnut Ridge land. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next. Terms made known on day of sale.

FRANCIS C. REAMER.

February 5, 1864.

STATES UNION HOTEL,

606 & 608 Market St., Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. ALLMOND, MANAGER.

THIS Hotel is located in the very centre of business, and is in close proximity to all the respective places of amusement, which makes it particularly desirable to persons visiting Philadelphia on business or pleasure, and the manager hopes by close personal attention to the wants of his guests, to make it a comfortable home for such as may favor the Hotel with their patronage.

The terms have not been advanced, but still remain at the old figure of $1.50 *per day.*

January 15, 1864—3m

BEDFORD HOTEL.

The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, January 15, 1864.

NEW GOODS

AT THE

New Bargain Store,

G. R. & W. OSTER,

Successors to A. B. CARN, have just received a beautiful stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

New styles Leather Prints, much admired.
Beautiful Madder Prints, new Spring styles.
Neat Striped and Fancy Shirting Prints.
Beautiful Delaines—Fancy and Solid Colors.

Mohair Dress Goods.

Neat Plaids and in all desirable solid colors.
Poplins, Cashmere Merino and Shepherd's Plaids,
French Ginghams, *Cheap and Handsome.*
Beautiful Lancaster GINGHAMS, new styles.
Balmoral and Skeleton SKIRTS, *at prices to suit.*
Ladies Head-dresses and Nets, very handsome.
White Ballardvale Flannels, to please the Ladies.
Red, Grey, Striped and Plaid Shirting Flannels.
Canton Flannels, bleached and unbleached,
to keep warm.

GOOD GOODS AT SMALL PROFITS.

BLEACHED MUSLINS,
Williamsville, Watertwist, Enterprise and other leading makes.

UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
Atlantic, Œlla, Pepperell, Pocassitt and others.
Apron Checks, Table Diaper, Red Tickings, Cottonades, Denims and Shirting Stripes.

CLOTHS AND FANCY CASSIMERES,
at small profits.

SATINETTS AND KENTUCKY JEANS,
all colors and very cheap.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, at old prices.
Hats and Caps, every style and color, at low prices.
Boots and Shoes, for men and boys, very cheap.
Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Balmoral
BOOTS AND SHOES,
good and cheap, call and see them, they will speak for themselves.

CHOICE RIO AND LAGUAYRA COFFEE,
Prepared Malt and Essence of Coffee.
Extra Imperial, Young Hyson and Souchong TEA.

SUGAR—*A choice assortment.*

Extra Loverings and other SYRUP,
Prime N. Orleans and other Baking Molasses.
Chocolate, Rice, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Nutmegs, Cayenne Pepper,
Camphor, Sweet and Castor Oils.
Taylor's Crystal Washball, Brown Windsor, Palm Oil, London Honey and other Toilet Soaps.
Amulet, Honey Dew, Pure Yellow Bank, Vine Sap Fine Cut CHEWING TOBACCO.

Also, best quality Natural Leaf and Congress *TOBACCO.*

Brooms, Wooden Pails and Fancy Reticule Baskets.
Mackerel and Herring; Dairy and G. A. Salt.

Together with 1001 other articles, all of which were bought at *nett cash prices* and which we will sell on the same terms, at a small advance on prime cost. *Motto*—"Small profits and large sales."

☞Terms—Cash, except by special agreement.

Produce bought. Jan. 15, '64.

DYSPEPSIA.

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM
DISORDER OF THE LIVER
AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS
ARE CURED BY

Hoofland's German Bitters,

The Great Strengthening Tonic.

These Bitters have Performed more Cures!
HAVE AND DO GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION
HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!
HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE TO VOUCH FOR THEM!
Than any other article in the market.

We defy any one to contradict this assertion,

AND WILL PAY $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not GENUINE.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following Symptoms:

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER,

THAT THIS BITTERS IS

NOT ALCOHOLIC,

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,

And Can't Make Drunkards,

BUT

IS THE BEST TONIC

In the World.

☞READ WHO SAYS SO.☜

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

* * * * * * * * * * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink." Yours truly,

LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge, and Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was pr judiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these bitters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN, Philad'a.

From the Rev. Jos. H. Kennard, Pastor of the 10th Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours, very respectfully, J. H. KENNARD.
Eighth below Coates st., Phil'a.

From Rev. Warren Randolph, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Germantown, Penn.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—Personal experience enables me to say that I regard the German Bitters prepared by you as a most excellent medicine. In cases of severe cold and general debility I have been greatly benefited by the use of the Bitters, and doubt not they will produce similar effects on others. Yours truly, WARREN RANDOLPH,
Germantown, Pa.

From Rev. J. H. Turner, Pastor of Hedding M. E. Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently, I am prepared to say that it has been of great service.

Yours respectfully, J. H. TURNER,
No. 726 N. Nineteenth Street

From the Rev. J. M. Lyons, formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N. J.) and Milestown (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

New Rochelle, N. Y.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it a pleasure thus, of my own accord, to bear testimony to the excellence of the German Bitters. Some years since being much afflicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. J. M. LYONS.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks co., Pa.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. Yours, with respect,

J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large Size (holding nearly double quantity,) $1 00 per bottle—half doz. $5 00
Small size—75 cts. per bottle—half doz. $4 00

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,
No. 631 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

JONES & EVANS,
Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.
PROPRIETORS.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States. Jan. 15.

SHRINER'S
BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain and Weakness of the Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, &c.

THIS is no new remedy. It has been used for a number of years in Maryland and parts of Pennsylvania, and has, wherever known, acquired an unprecedented reputation for curing the various diseases for which it is recommended. *Save*

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon it doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public. *your*

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able physicians of Maryland. It is used and considered an indispensable household remedy by a large portion of the first families of the State. *Children.*

It is used by all classes of society, and the universal opinion is that it is good. *This Syrup is purely Vegetable Compound.* It is pleasant to take, and never does injury. But owing to its purifying qualities, must do good under any circumstances. Its effects are truly wonderful, soothing, calming, and allaying the most violent coughs, purifying, strengthening and invigorating the whole system, calming and soothing the nerves; aiding and facilitating expectoration, and healing the DISEASED LUNGS, *No child need*

Thus striking at the root of disease, and driving it from the system.

CROUP. *die of*

This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shrill whistling or wheezing, hacking cough and threatened suffocation, &c. It mostly occurs in young children. No child need die of croup if this Syrup is properly used and used in time. Mothers having croupy children should watch the first show of the disease, and always keep this remedy at hand. *croup*

For coughs after measles this Syrup is most excellent. Experience has proven that it is equalled by no other preparation. *if this*

The price of the remedy is such as to place it within the reach of all, the poor as well as the rich, and every person should have it. *syrup*

Every person should have it in the house. It is a true and faithful friend to all who value health and wish to secure themselves against that most terrible disease, consumption. It will be found the most useful medicine in the world. It has been used for the last four years with a success without a parallel. *is well as the cheapest and*

Price 40 cents per bottle, or three bottles for $1.00. Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro. *in*

For sale by H. C. Reamer and B. F. Harry Druggists, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863—1y. *time.*

SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE.

SINCE the introduction of this beautiful preparation, it has been steadily advancing into public favor. Its astonishing efficacy in expelling worms has won for it many friends wherever known, and these are speaking its praise to others, so that it is fast being introduced into every family in the land. The demand for it is becoming immense. To make it still more worthy the preference already shown it, the PROPRIETOR is putting it up in a much handsomer style than formerly. It is now prepared with the greatest care of uniform strength, with plain directions, so that any one can administer it.

TO DESTROY WORMS!

It is entirely Vegetable---Perfectly Safe and Harmless.

And has never been known to fail to expel worms, where worms existed. The proprietors boldly assert that it is superior to any other preparation in the world.

☞Ask for SHRINER'S INDIAN VERMIFUGE, and take no other. ☞Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞Prepared by S. A. Foutz & Bro., and for sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa. Dec. 18, '63—1y

Foutz's Mixture,

THE best and reliable remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Painful Nervous Affections, Sprains, Burns, Swellings and all diseases requiring an external application on man.

On horses it will never fail to cure Poleevil, Fistula, old running sores, or Sweeney, if properly applied. For sprains, bruises, scratches, crooked hoofs, chafes, saddle or collar gall, cuts or wounds, it is an infallible remedy. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

BEST LINIMENT FOR MAN AND BEAST NOW IN USE

RHEUMATISM.

Persons afflicted with this disease no matter of how long standing, can be promptly and effectually cured by using this Mixture.

There is nothing in the world so sure and so good to take away hard corns, and cure Frost Bites as this preparation. Try it and satisfy yourselves. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Prepared by

S. A. FOUTZ,
Westminster, Md.

☞For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

December 18, 1863,—1y

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED HORSE AND CATTLE

POWDERS.

THESE Powders have proved, after a trial of several years, to be superior to any preparation of the kind in use. The chief superiority of these Powders arises from the fact that they are composed of medicines that have Laxative, Tonic and Purifying properties. The laxative ejects crudities from the stomach and intestines, the tonic gives strength to the system of the Horse, and the purifying medicines contained in them cleanse the blood, and lay the foundation for a vigorous and healthy circulation. The use of them improves the wind, strengthens the appetite and gives the horse a fine, smooth and glossy skin—thus improving the appearance, vigor and spirit of this noble animal.

These powders are not intended, as most powders are, to bloat the animal so as to give him the appearance of being fat when not really so—but, to remove the disease and promote his general health.

These powders will strengthen the stomach and intestines, cleanse them from offensive matter, and bring them to a healthy state. They are a sure prevention of Lung Fever, and a certain remedy for all diseases incident to the Horse, as Glanders, Yellow Water, Distempers, Founder, Heaves, Slavering, Coughs, Fevers, Loss of Appetite and Vital Energy, &c.—These Powders, if used two or three times a week, through the winter and spring, your horse will never get the Lung Fever, Colic or Botts. A few doses of these powders will remove the worst cough, on any horse. Were owners of horses to feed a few of these powders every year, they might save the lives of many valuable horses.

HORSES

CATTLE

HOGS

MILCH COWS.

The properties this powder possesses in increasing the quantity of milk in cows, gives it an importance and value which should place it in the hands of every person keeping a cow. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

HOGS.

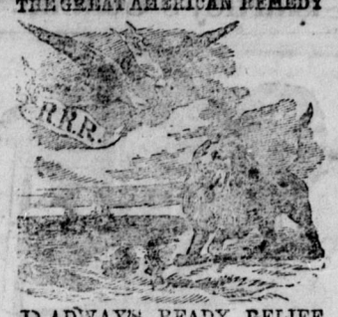
In all diseases of swine, as coughs, ulcers in the lungs and liver, &c., by putting from half a paper to a paper of these powders in a barrel of swill, the above diseases can be cured or entirely prevented. By using these powders the hog cholera can be prevented.

Prepared by S. A. FOUTZ,
Westminster, Md.

☞For sale at the Drug Stores of Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa. Dec. 18—1y

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL REMEDY,
STOPS THE MOST EXCRUCIATING PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES,
AND
RAPIDLY CURES THE PATIENT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Proves its superiority to all other Medicines at once.

ITS FIRST INDICATION

Is to relieve the sufferer of PAIN, no matter from what cause it may originate, or where it may be seated.

If in the Head, Face, or Throat;
If in the Back, Spine, or Shoulder;
If in the Arms, Breast, or Side;
If in the Joints, Limbs, or Muscles;
If in the Nerves, Teeth, or Ears;

Or in any other part of the body, its application to the part or parts where the pain exists will afford immediate relief.

IF SEIZED WITH PAIN

In the Stomach, Bowels, or Kidneys;
In the Bladder, Spleen, or Liver;
In the Teeth, Ears, or Throat;
In the Brain or Nervous System;

One teaspoonful of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to a wineglass of water will, in a few minutes, restore the patient to ease and comfort.

If Lame, Crippled, or Bed-ridden;
If Palsied, Scalded, or Burned;
If Bruised, Wounded, or Cut;
If Stunned, Injured, or Disabled;
If Sunstruck, or seized with Fits;
If Weak in the Spine or Back;

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

should be applied to the part or parts affected. It instantly relieves the patient from pain, and quickly heals, soothes, and strengthens the disabled parts. In all cases of Bites of Rabid Dogs, Reptiles, Stings of Poisonous Insects, the application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to the wound will prevent inflammation and mortification.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Persons exposed to the Malaria of Ague, or ill seized with Chills and Fever, will find a positive Antidote and Cure in Radway's Ready Relief. Let two teaspoonsful of the Ready Relief, in a wineglass of water, be taken on getting out of bed in the morning, and however exposed to malaria you will escape.

WHEN SEIZED WITH
Cholera, or Diarrhœa, or Flux;
Cholic, Cramps, and Spasms;
Dysentery, or Cast-Iris;
Bilious Fever, Chronic, or other Fevers;
Scarlet, Typhus, or Ship Fever;
Influenza, Coughs, or Colds;
Inflammation of the Stomach or Bowels;
Inflammation of the Kidneys;

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

SHOULD BE TAKEN INTERNALLY.

One dose will stop the pain; its continued use will, in a few hours, cure the patient.

HOW IT CURES.

The secondary indication of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is to cure the patient of the disease or malady that occasions the pain; this it accomplishes rapidly and radically. *So swift* is the patient transformed from pain, misery, weakness, and decrepitude, to the delightful enjoyment of health and strength, that patients frequently ascribe its talismanic power to the supernatural influence of enchantment.

RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, GOUT, NEURALGIA, TOOTH ACHE, CROUP, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, DIPTHERIA, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, STIFF JOINTS, ENLARGED TENDONS, HEAD ACHE, (Sick or Nervous) ASTHMA, or HARD BREATHING.

It is truly marvellous how quickly RADWAY'S READY RELIEF cures the sufferers of these maladies. The poor, crippled, and pain-stricken Rheumatic has not to wait days before a change takes place, but in a few minutes derives ease and comfort.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

Twenty Years of Sleepless Nights.

Wm. Sydney Myers, Esq., of Havana, Cuba, the correspondent of the London Times, suffered with Acute and Chronic Rheumatism for twenty-five years, and for twenty years he had not enjoyed one whole night's sleep. He applied the READY RELIEF—it immediately gave him ease and restored him the first calm and undisturbed sleep during the twenty years. The continued use of the READY RELIEF cured him.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

THERE IS NO OCCASION FOR SICKNESS.

When you first feel pain, then take a teaspoonful of the READY RELIEF in water; or apply it to the parts where you feel the discomfort.

ALL MALIGNANT DISEASES

first give warning of their presence, and if met promptly before they become formerly intrenched within the system, will be readily expelled.

SIGNS OF SICKNESS.

Headache, Pains in the Limbs—in the Stomach, Bowels, and Kidneys—Cold Chills, and Hot Flushes, Coated Tongue, Burning Skin, Nausea, Shivering, Dryness, Loss of Appetite, Restlessness, Giddiness, &c., are premonitory symptoms of Malignant Diseases. One dose of the READY RELIEF is sufficient to break up and expel diseased action, and restore the patient to health.

SOLDIERS.

Every soldier should carry with him a supply of Radway's Ready Relief. It supplies the place of all other medicines; and as a beverage, a teaspoonful of the relief, in a wine glass of water, is a nicer, pleasanter stimulant than brandy, whisky, or bitters.

SICKNESS PREVENTED IN THE 8TH MAINE REGT.

Eighth Maine regiment, Sergt. C. P. Lord, writes that Radway's Ready Relief saved the regiment from death while quartered at Tybee Island, S. C., when working in the swamps, erecting fortifications. Every man seized with Typhoid and other Fevers, Fever and Ague, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, was cured by the use of the Ready Relief.

CAUTION.

In all cases ask for Radway's Ready Relief. Take no other. See that the signature of Radway & Co. is on the outside label of each bottle. Every agent is supplied with a new and fresh stock. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists, Merchants and country Store-keepers.

RADWAY & CO.,
87 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold by Druggists.
Oct. 9th 1863.—1y

Receipts and Expenditures

OF BEDFORD COUNTY, FOR 1863.

A. J. SANSOM, ESQ.,

TREASURER OF BEDFORD COUNTY,

In account with said county from the 5th day of January, 1863, until the 4th day of January, 1864.

TREASURER,		DR.
To balance on hand at last settlement		$2,639 49
From Solomon Steel Hopewell tp.,	1858	75 00
From J. S. Brumbaugh S. Woodberry	1860	170 55
From R. D. Barclay Bedford borough	1861	40 95
From S. Deibaugh Bedford township	"	25 28
From F. Hillebrandt Juniata	"	100 00
From John Pennell Monroe	"	3 79
From John Aldstadt St. Clair	"	8 54
From Thomas M. Lynch Bedford bor.	1862	419 67
From Wm. Phillips Bedford township	"	776 30
From Thomas Price Broad Top	"	260 35
From John A. Gump Bloody Run bor.	"	20 59
From Philip Hardman Cumb'd Valley	"	523 02
From Martin L. Hetrick Colerain	"	418 00
From Jonathan Hyde Harrison	"	82 77
From Solomon Steel Hopewell	"	184 75
From Casper Stroup Juniata	"	294 40
From William Cook Londonderry	"	40 15
From Daniel Stoler Liberty	"	134 37
From Baltzer Fletcher Monroe	"	247 00
From John Wayde Napier	"	300 00
From D. A. T. Black East Providence	"	200 00
From John Riley West Providence	"	45 43
From Samuel Coel Schellsburg bor.	"	47 97
From John Robison Southampton	"	103 21
From Nicholas Koons Snake Spring	"	150 07
From John Feaster St. Clair	"	423 80
From Francis Beard Union	"	382 47
From J. R. Durborrow M. Woodberry	"	200 00
From Samuel Working S. Woodberry	"	431 00
From Peter Ewalt Schellsburg bor.	1863	32 00
From Samuel Bender Bloody Run bor.	"	185 00
From David Sparks W. Providence tp.	"	200 65
From Hezekiah May Harrison	"	28 00
From L. N. Fyan Juniata	"	150 00
From Thos Fisher Cumb'd Valley	"	275 00
From Nicholas Koons Snake Spring	"	150 00
From Herbert Shoemaker Colerain	"	281 00
From D. A. T. Black East Providence	"	100 00
From Jacob Carpenter Londonderry	"	100 00
From John C. Figard Broad Top	"	70 00
From Aaron Reed South Woodberry	"	137 23
From John Mors Southampton	"	100 00
From John W. Crisman St. Clair	"	174 48
From Peter Winegardner Napier	"	300 00
From Alfred Entriken Liberty	"	205 74
From Baltzer Fletcher Monroe	"	200 00
From Wm. M. Pearson M. Woodberry	"	667 40
From W. P. Schell per order Commissioners		65 03
Commonwealth vs. E. B. Trout		57 11
Jury fund and costs in same		36 01
		$12,462 01

TREASURER,		CR.
Amount paid Grand Jurors		$464 08
Amount paid Petit Jurors		830 67
Paid Commissioner Feightner		106 50
do Shoemaker		101 50
do Crisman		119 50
do Roades		31 50
B. F. Meyers printing		269 00
J. R. Durborrow printing		142 25
Alonzo Robins Tipstave		10 50
Joshua Mower do		22 50
Levi Agnew Court crier		56 00
do Cleaning Court House, &c.,		47 00
J. G. Fisher salary as Clerk to Comm'rs		180 00
do attending bridge sale, &c.,		12 00
do making out duplicates, &c.,		20 00
do Stationery, &c,		13 35
Assessors returns, attending elections, &c.,		428 98
Road viewers		122 75
Damages on road views		37 00
Baughman, Gump & Co cast window shutters		97 59
Repairs to public buildings		35 28
W. Foster State road under act of Assembly		57 75
Building bridge in Harrison township		166 00
Assessors, making septennial enumeration		169 00
Uncurrent money in hands of Treasurer		16 00
Constables returns		57 78
Services as Constables		210 61
Boarding prisoners at western penitentiary		12 96
J. G. Fisher making and distributing duplicates		54 80
do preparing books and copying septennial enumeration		35 00
J. J. Cessna cost in Commonwealth cases		1088 92
do boarding prisoners		481 40
G. H. Sparg cost in Commonwealth cases		10 05
Hugh Moore Commonwealth vs. C. Naugle		15 25
Harrison Boggs Commonwealth vs. Boggs		17 50
John Major, Esq., discharged cases		6 75
J. W. Lingenfelter Comm. vs. J. A. Boone		52 02
John Palmer Comm. vs. Templeton		25 00
H. Nicodemus Commonwealth cases		28 25
Jacob Walter do do		5 85
P. F. Lehman do do		5 80
Milton Spidle do do		18 87
S. H. Tate Prothonotarys fees		76 75
A. B. Bunn do do		191 25
John Brice interest on borrowed money		300 00
John Sill do do do		120 00
Elizabeth Rea money and interest in full		59 50
C. Merwine cutting wood for Court House		51 50
Expenses for holding spring elections		213 02
Michael Naugle for removing public doc.		3 00
A. E. Dibert building bridge at Hughes		200 00
Wm. S. Raven for dockets for Prothonotary		43 75
J. W. Lingenfelter late edition Purdon's digest		5 00
I. Mengel for keeping jury in Bowlard case		15 00
J. Henderson arresting prisoner		33 43
J. A. Broom cost of deeds on unseated lands		11 47
A. J. Sansom plain arresting horse thief		21 05
John Chambers Stationery		21 38
B. F. Harry for Stationery holding General Election		296 97
Expenses for holding Spring in assessors		9 00
H. Nicodemus sworn Commonwealth cases		70 00
W. S. Fluke costs in Commonwealth cases		13 00
John Border hobbling prisoners, &c.,		26 00
Mary Morris scrubbing offices, &c.,		5 00
John G. Fisher Purdon's digest		3 00
John Mock attending juries		4 00
Wm. Bonnell attending juries		3 00
Wm. Sparks attending jury		3 00
John Cavender do		4 00
Samuel A. Carmack do		4 00
M. L. Hetrick do		3 00
John Mock do		3 00
Charles Koontz do		3 00
George S. Yeager do		5 00
Jos. C. Miller do		3 00
John Mock do		26 12
To amount paid talesmen		13 06
Geo. Blymire & Son goods furnished C. House		9 57
H. Reamer Stationery		10 00
Joshua Mower repairing bridge		174 88
John J. Cessna for boarding criminals		88 51
Amount overpaid by collectors		49 62
Edward Huffman for wood for Court House		11 50
A. J. Sansom for wood for jail		25 91
Miscellaneous checks		70 00
Amount paid Auditors and Clerk		3 00
A. K. Agnew attending Court room		10 00
A. J. Sansom postage and Stationery		300 00
Treasurer's salary		5 00
Attorney for filing this report		297 04
Fox and wild cat scalps		
Charges $12,462 01		$8,647 29
Credits 8,647 29		
Balance due county		$3,814 71

Statement of Moneys due and owing to Bedford County.

Jacob A. Nicodemus M. Woodberry	1854	78 23	
John A. Osborn Broad Top	1857	79 90	
Lemuel Evans do	1858	227 08	
John C. Morgart Cumb'd Valley	"	109 21	
Solomon Steel Hopewell	"	99 26	
Jacob Nicodemus Woodberry	"	102 27	
Joseph Evans Broad Top	1859	4 70	
George Roades Liberty	"	36 53	
Levi Carpenter Londonderry	"	7 86	
Jacob S. Brumbaugh Woodberry	"	26 61	
Simon Stuckey Colerain	1860	77 28	
Abraham Croyle Union	"	278 78	
R. D. Barclay Bedford borough	1861	238 81	
Wm. Bonnell Londonderry tp.	"	49 61	
Fred. Hildebrandt Juniata	"	102 66	
John Aldstadt St. Clair	"	89 75	
Hezekiah Barkman Southampton	"	177 31	
Rudolph Hoover M. Woodberry	"	59 79	
Thos. M. Lynch Bedford borough	1862	370 20	
Wm. Phillips Bedford township	"	46 54	
Philip Hardman Cumb'd Valley	"	85 55	
Martin L. Hetrick Colerain	"	283 71	
Jonathan Hide Harrison	"	172 43	
Casper Stroup Juniata	"	186 58	
Wm. Cook Londonderry	"	246 79	
Baltzer Fletcher Monroe	"	77 93	
John Wayde Napier	"	492 66	
D. A. T. Black East Providence	"	64 83	
John Feaster St. Clair	"	134 21	
Francis Beard Union	"	299 18	
J. R. Durborrow M. Woodberry	"	467 57	
Samuel Working South Woodberry	"	351 58	
H. Nicodemus Bedford borough	1863	994 36	
Jacob D. Fetter Bedford township	"	1503 72	
Peter Ewalt Schellsburg borough	"	138 90	
Samuel Bender Bloody Run bor.	"	66 04	
David Sparks West Providence tp.	"	99 49	
Hezekiah May Harrison	"	307 55	
L. N. Fyan Juniata	"	483 68	
Thomas Fisher Cumb'd Valley	"	622 47	
Nicholas Koons Snake Spring	"	470 90	
Herbert Shoemaker Colerain	"	653 47	
D. A. T. Black East Providence	"	374 01	
Jacob Carpenter Londonderry	"	459 44	
George Beegle Union	"	766 69	
James E. Kay Hopewell	"	457 76	
John C. Figart Broad Top	"	642 35	
Aaron Reed South Woodberry	"	1287 37	
John Mors Southampton	"	440 72	
John W. Crisman St. Clair	"	905 76	
Peter Winegardner Napier	"	687 97	
Alfred Entriken Liberty	"	131 50	
Baltzer Fletcher Monroe	"	428 82	
Wm. M. Pearson Middle Woodberry	"	1008 61	
		$18,030 84	

NOTE.—On some of the amounts from collectors interest is due, and from some exonerations and commissions are to be deducted.

Statement of moneys due and owed by Bedford County.

To John Sill - - - -	$2000 00
To John Brice - - - -	5000 00
Total	$7000 00
There is now in the Treasury, subject to the order of the Commissioners	$3814 71

BOUNTY FUND.

A. J. SANSOM, ESQ., Treasurer of Bedford county, in account with said county, from the 5th day of January, 1863, until the 4th day of Jan., 1864.

TREASURER.	DR.
Received from N. Koons Snake Spring	$613 25
Thomas Fisher Cumb'd. Valley	750 00
Samuel Bender Bloody Run bor.	205 00
W. M. Pearson M. Woodberry	1048 52
L. N. Fyan Juniata	450 00
Aaron Reed S. Woodberry	1426 60
John Mors Southampton	510 00
A. Entriken Liberty	295 00
Peter Ewalt Schellsburg borough	105 00
H. Nicodemus Bedford borough	994 15
Herbert Shoemaker Colerain	810 00
Baltzer Fletcher Monroe	350 00
John C. Figart Broad Top	250 00
George Beegle Union	721 00
David Sparks West Providence	328 00
Jacob Carpenter Londonderry	450 00
John W. Crisman St. Clair	951 00
Peter Winegardner Napier	700 00
Hezekiah May Harrison	100 00
D. A. T. Black East Providence	75 57
James E. Kay Hopewell

BEDFORD HOTEL.

The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞ Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, January 15, 1864.

Notice to the Heirs of John McIlnay, Dec'd.

The heirs of the estate of John McIlnay, late of Hopewell township, Bedford county, deceased, are hereby notified to call upon the undersigned, on or before the first day of April, 1864, and receive the portion due each heir from said estate, as I am now prepared to pay said heirs.

JOSEPH McILNAY, Ex'r.
Feb. 5, 1864, of John McIlnay, dec'd.

SAPONIFIER,

CONCENTRATED LEY

FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

WAR makes high prices; Saponifier helps to reduce them. It makes SOAP for FOUR cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

☞ CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also, be careful and only buy the PATENTED article put up in IRON cans, all others being COUNTERFEITS.

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co.'

PHILADELPHIA—No. 127 Walnut Street.
PITTSBURG—Pitt Street and Duquesne Way.
November 27, 1863—3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of John Longstreath late of Hopewell township, dec'd; all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement, and all indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

C. W. ASHCOM,
January 22, 1864. Adm'r.

NEW GOODS

AT THE

New Bargain Store.

G. R. & W. OSTER,

Successors to A. B. CARN, have just received a beautiful stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

New styles Leather Prints, much admired.
Beautiful Madder Prints, new Spring styles.
Neat Striped and Fancy Shirting Prints.
Beautiful Delaines—Fancy and Solid Colors.

Mohair Dress Goods.

Neat Plaids and in all desirable solid colors.
Poplins, Cashmere Merino and Shepherd's Plaids,
French Ginghams, *Cheap and Handsome*
Beautiful Lancaster GINGHAMS, new styles.
Balmoral and Skeleton SKIRTS, *at prices to suit.*
Ladies Head-dresses and Nets, very handsome.
White Ballardvale Flannels, to please the Ladies.
Red, Grey, Striped and Plaid Shirting Flannels.
Canton Flannels, bleached and unbleached, *to keep warm.*

GOOD GOODS AT SMALL PROFITS.

BLEACHED MUSLINS,
Williamsville, Watertwist, Enterprise and other leading makes.
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
Atlantic, Ocilla, Pepperell, Pocassitt and others.
Apron Checks, Table Diaper, Bed Tickings, Cottonades, Denims and Shirting Stripes.
CLOTHS AND FANCY CASSIMERES,
at small profits.
SATINETTS AND KENTUCKY JEANS,
all colors and very cheap.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, at old prices.
Hats and Caps, every style and color, at low prices.
Boots and Shoes, for men and boys, very cheap.
Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Balmoral BOOTS AND SHOES,
good and cheap, call and see them, they will speak for themselves.
CHOICE RIO AND LAGUAYRA COFFEE,
Prepared Malt and Essence of Coffee.
Extra Imperial, Young Hyson and Souchong TEA.
SUGAR—*A choice assortment.*
Extra Loverings and other SYRUP,
Prime N. Orleans and other Baking Molasses.
Chocolate, Rice, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Nutmegs, Cayenne Pepper, Camphor, Sweet and Castor Oils.
Taylor's Crystal Washball, Brown Windsor, Palm Oil, London Honey and other Toilet Soaps.
Amulet, Honey Dew, Pure Yellow Bank, Vine Sap Fine Cut CHEWING TOBACCO.
Also, best quality Natural Leaf and Congress *TOBACCO.*
Brooms, Wooden Pails and Fancy Reticule Baskets.
Mackerel and Herring; Dairy and G. A. Salt.

Together with 1001 other articles, all of which were bought at *nett cash prices* and which we will sell on the same terms, at a small advance on prime cost. *Motto*—"Small profits and large sales."

☞ Terms—CASH, except by special agreement.
Produce bought. Jan. 15, '64.

ONE TWO HORSE WAGON, AND ONE SPRING WAGON FOR SALE,

At FARQUHAR'S Cheap Corner.
Bedford, January 29, 1864.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in South Woodberry township, on the estate of John B. Furry, late of Napier township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB B. FURRY,
January 29, 1864—6t Adm'r.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

TEA DEALERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
November 13, 1863—1y

A fresh supply of WOOLLEN HOODS and PLAID SHAWLS, just received and for sale at
Jan. 29 CHEAP CORNER.

Estate of Thomas L. Growden, dec'd.

The undersigned living in Cumberland Valley tp., having been appointed administrator of Thomas L. Growden, late of said township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against it will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN GROWDEN,
Jan. 29—6t Adm'r.

LADIES,

At Cramer's you will find a large assortment of *LADIES' DRESS GOODS,*
suitable for fall and winter. Nov. 20.

Bedford Rail Road!!

FALL & WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FARQUHAR'S TRAIN HAS ARRIVED

with a very large and well selected stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS

TO SUIT THE SEASON.

LADIES, come and examine our stock of

DRESS GOODS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Some beautiful Balmorals, Woollen Hoods and Head Dresses. Latest style of SHAWLS, good Cloak Cloth, VERY CHEAP.

OVER 500 PAIRS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

Consisting of Ladies' and Misses, Mens' and Boys' Shoes and Boots of every style and variety, and as low in price as can be had in town.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Men's Wear

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS, JEANS, AND

READY MADE CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS.

No better place to buy an OVER COAT.

HATS AND CAPS in abundance.

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Syrups, Molasses, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of notions.

☞ Remember "Cheap Corner for Cheap Goods."

EXAMINE OUR STOCK FIRST.

J. B. FARQUHAR,
Cheap Corner, Juliana St., Bedford.
December 11, 1863.

New Firm.

The undersigned having purchased A. B. Carn's entire stock of goods, will continue the business at the old stand, where they will constantly keep a general assortment of goods adapted to the wants of the people. They also expect to receive a general assortment of NEW GOODS in a few days, when their assortment will be complete in every department.

G. R. & W. OSTER.
December 25, 1863—tf

CASSIMERES.

Fifty Pieces new Fall Cassimeres for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & CO'S.

C. N. HICKOK,

DENTIST.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations entrusted to his care.

NATURAL TEETH filled, regulated, polished, &c., in the best manner, and ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted from one to an entire sett.

Office in the Bank Building, on Juliana street, Bedford.

CASH TERMS will be strictly adhered to.

In addition to recent improvements in the mounting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH on Gold and Silver Plate, I am now using, as a base for Artificial work, a new and beautiful article, (Vulcanite or Vulcanized India Rubber) stronger, closer fitting, more comfortable and more natural than either Gold or Silver, and 20 per cent. cheaper than silver. Call and see

C. N. HICKOK.
Bedford, January 16, 1863.

SHELLBARKS.

Forty Bushels prime Shellbarks for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & COS.

WANTED,

100 CORDS TANNERS' BARK, at Farquhar's CHEAP CORNER.

Clover seed, Flax seed and Timothy seed wanted at FARQUHAR'S.

Any and all kinds of Country Produce taken at FARQUHAR'S CHEAP CORNER.

Come and buy your Clothing at CHEAP CORNER, Juliana st.

Money saved by buying BOOTS and SHOES at CHEAP CORNER.

Best CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATINETTS at CHEAP CORNER.

Come and get a good HAT or CAP at FARQUHAR'S.

Some Beautiful PLAID SHAWLS, very cheap, at
Nov. 27, 1864. FARQUHAR'S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Bedford borough, by the Register of Bedford County on the estate of Samuel Barnhart, late of said borough, dec'd., all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
January 8, 1864. Adm'r.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Frederick Berkheimer, late of St. Clairsville, Bedford co., deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB WALTER,
JACOB BERKHEIMER,
January 8, 1864. Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Charles Isensmith, late of Bloody Run, dec'd, all persons owing said estate will make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

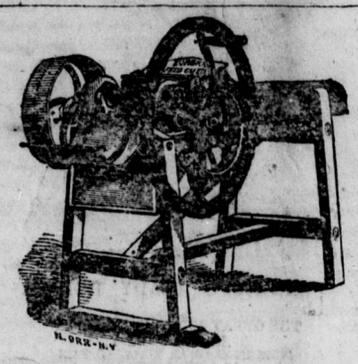
JACOB WAGNER.
January 22, 1864.—6t.

STRAY CALF.

Taken up trespassing upon the premises of the subscriber, residing in Bedford township, about the middle of August last, a red and white spotted calf, no marks perceptible. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away, or it will be sold according to law.

OWEN McGIRR.
Febraa: 5, 1864—3t

Hartley's Column.



The great Eureka Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter and Crusher, can now be obtained from Wm. Hartley, agent for Bedford and adjoining counties. This cutter now stands UNEQUALLED. Three sizes are made, and the largest size will cut and crush as fast as three men can feed it. Hay is scarce and will be high in price. Sensible farmers will save their hay and feed cut corn fodder to both horses and cattle. Try one of these cutters, farmers, and you will not regret it. All machines warranted.

Hartley is also agent for the celebrated

"Key-Stone Cider-Mill."

Which is the BEST AND EASIEST RUNNING MILL now made.

Hardware in all its variety can be had at the

Mammoth Store

OF

William Hartley,

at low rates, as the greater part of his immense stock was purchased at the OLD PRICES

Hartley is sole agent in Bedford county, for the sale of the celebrated

CHAMBERSBURG COOK STOVE,

which is the *heaviest and best planned* Cook Stove ever sold in this county, as all must admit who *examine* it—call and see it.

HOUSEHOLD HARDWARE AND IRON COOKING UTENSILS, POTS, WAFFLE IRONS, SKILLETS, GRIDDLES, GRIDIRONS, &C., IN GREAT QUANTITY.

Iron and Nails,

By the pound or ton.

POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY,

BUILDING MATERIAL, LOCKS, HINGES,

GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS & OILS.

BRUSHES, of all kinds, at OLD PRICES.

PLANES, CHISELS, BRACES AND BITS.

WOODEN WARE.

SPAIN'S ATMOSPHERIC CHURNS,

Wash Boards, Buckets, Brooms, Baskets, Shoemakers' and Saddlers' Tools and Findings of all kinds.

MOROCCO AND CALF SKINS.

Carriage Springs, Axles, Steel, Felloes, Bows, Enameled Muslin—Forks, Rakes, Scythe Snaths, Grind Stones. Grain Cradles, Shovels, Spades, Mill Saws, Meat Saws and Hand Saws.

A NEW ARTICLE OF COAL OIL,

the cheapest in town, as it does not burn away fast

TRY IT. The new Philadelphia INDIA RUBBER OIL PASTE.

BOOT AND SHOE BLACKING.

the best article of the kind made. Try a box.

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BLOODY RUN CASTINGS,

FRESH PHILADELPHIA GARDEN SEEDS

Warranted Genuine and Good.

Hartley is also agent for the unequaled

GUM ROLLER, GUM SPRING

Grain Drill;

This is now too well known to need commendation.

Hartley WARRANTS every machine sold to come up to the REPRESENTATION. He has sold to hundreds—and has had NO LAW SUITS. He is agent for the very best Farm Machinery and Cook Stoves the genius of man has yet produced. Any person wanting a Reaper, Mower, Cook Stove, Grain Drill, or Farm Implement of ANY DESCRIPTION will find it to their interest to buy from HARTLEY both as to quality of goods and price.

Bedford, March 13, 1863.

BLYMIRE & SON

HAVE RECEIVED

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS

FROM

NEW YORK

AND

PHILADELPHIA,

TO WHICH THEY INVITE

The attention of the

PUBLIC.

OUR STOCK

CONSISTS IN PART

OF THE FOLLOWING

GOODS:

NAILS, SPIKES AND BRADS,

ROLLED AND HAMMERED IRON,

Of every size and description.

Building Material.

LOCKS, HINGES, BOLTS, SCREWS,

PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c., &c.

CARPENTER, COOPER, AND MILLWRIGHT TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Blacksmith Tools.

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SCREW-PLATES, TONGS, PINCERS, &C.

Saddler's Tools and

HARNESS MOUNTING.

BUCKLES, OF ALL KINDS;

PATENT ENAMELED LEATHER,

HOG SKINS, JAPANNED AND SELF-ADJUSTING TREES; WOOD AND IRON HAMES, BITTS, AND TOOLS OF EVERY VARIETY. ALSO,

GIRTINGS, REIN WEB

AND SADDLE TREES.

CUTLERY.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF CUTLERY, TABLE AND POCKET KNIVES; ALSO, SCISSORS, RAZORS, CARVING KNIVES, FORKS, &c., SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS & FINDINGS; FRENCH CALF SKINS, CAMPICO MADORARS, FINE LININGS AND BINDINGS; FRENCH MOROCCO, LASTS, BOOT TREES, CRIMPING BOARDS, AND TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, TOGETHER WITH PEGS OF DIFFERENT SIZES AND GRADES.

Paints, Oils, &c.

Red Lead, Black Lead, White Lead, Linseed, Whale and Sperm Oils; Turpentine and Varnish; Carriage Makers' Trimmings; Springs, Axles, Felloes, Shafts, Curtain Muslin, Duck, Patent Leather, Linings, Bands, Bows, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, Chimneys, Shades and Wicks.

—ALSO—

FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, SHOVELS, SPADES, WOVE WIRE, OIL CARPET, LOOKING GLASSES, &c., &c.

CROSS CUT AND MILL SAWS.

Coffin Trimmings,

Screws, Studs, Diamonds, Handles, Lace & Plates.

Cedar Ware

Tubs, Churns, Buckets, Baskets, Zinc Rubbers.

STOVES.

Being in the Stove business for more than twenty years, we profess to be particularly acquainted with that necessary household article, and have taken great pains to get a stove that is complete. We think we have succeeded, and offer to the public the

"WELLINGTON" COOK STOVE,

or which we have the sole agency, and will warrant it in every respect, we ask no purchaser to keep the stove unless it pleases.

The purchaser can have a choice out of our large assortment of Stoves, consisting of ten or twelve patterns of the most improved Cook Stoves manufactured.

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

In great variety.

Also, Cooking Ranges of the most improved pattern.

Tin Ware.

We still continue the manufacture of TIN WARE, keeping always on hand a large stock, made by the best of workmen.

Roofing, Spouting, and Job Work done to order.

☞ We invite the special attention of Country Merchants to our stock. We are prepared to wholesale on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Call at our Mammoth Store Room, on Pitt Street, and examine our goods.

Bedford, July 24, 1863—tf

CALL AND SEE

THE

Mammoth Stock

AT

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S

CHEAP STORE,

NOW OPENING.

His customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine for themselves.

HIS GOODS

ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

LOOK

TO YOUR OWN INTEREST

BY EXAMINING MY STOCK.

A LARGE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

OF EXCELLENT QUALITY,

AND VERY CHEAP,

form a part of my new stock.

Fall & Winter Wear,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' Dress Goods,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, &C., &C.

All to be had at the store of J. M. Shoemaker.
Bedford, Nov. 20, 1863.

FOR SALE

OR

TRADE!

A Farm in Bedford township, owned by John H. Rush, about four miles from Bedford, containing 180 acres, about 80 acres cleared, with log house, log barn and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon.

ALSO—A tract of land in Harmon's Bottom, Juniata township, with log house, barn, &c., thereon erected, containing 70 acres and allowance. Part of this tract is cleared and under fence and in a good state of cultivation—near to a school house, mill, &c., adjoining lands of Scott, Low, Hughes and others, and lately purchased from William Burley.

ALSO—A tract of land in Union township, containing 225 acres, 72 acres cleared, with a farm house, tenant house, double log barn and new Saw Mill thereon erected. Also, an apple orchard thereon—known as the "Snyder" or "Koons" property.

60 acres of land—10 cleared and under fence with a log house thereon erected, adjoining George Trontman, George May and others, partly in Juniatta and partly in Londonderry Townships, lately owned by Andrew Wolford.

ALSO—166 acres near Stoverstown, within ½ mile of Broad Top Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn, stable, &c., thereon erected; also, two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam, and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO—160 acres best quality of prairie—near the Missouri river, close to the county seat of Harrison county, Iowa.

ALSO—Two 160 acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne city, in the richest valley of the west the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha city, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—160 acres, two miles above Omaha city, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after a personal inspection and careful examination of the ground, and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO—Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—A lot of ground in the city of Dacotah, Nebraska Territory.

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind, that are good, will be taken in exchange—particularly good bank notes.

May 8, 1863. O. E. SHANNON.

And Still They Come.

MORE NEW GOODS, Just received at
Sept. 18. J. M. SHOEMAKER'S.

BEAUTIFUL SUN UMBRELLAS
Just opened at CRAMER'S.
May 29, 1863.

CRAMER & CO.

Have just opened a very large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Buyers are respectfully invited to call and see them.

October 30, 1863.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Twenty pieces—all widths, for sale at
Nov. 20. CRAMER & CO'S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of John B. Devore, late of Colerain township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them to the undersigned.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
January 8, 1864. Adm'r.

REBELLION AGAINST HIGH PRICES!

Revolution in Bedford!

E. M. FISHER

and "LITTLE JOHN C.," have just opened a new *FANCY AND DRY GOODS STORE,* at the stand formerly occupied by Samuel Brown, immediately opposite the Washington Hotel, where they constantly keep on hand a very large assortment of

MUSLINS, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, &C., and pay especial attention to the sale of NEEDLEWORK, LADIES' COLLARS, CUFFS AND UNDER SLEEVES, LINEN AND SILK POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, LADIES' HOSE, MITTS AND GLOVES, GENTLEMEN'S HOSE, WHITE GOODS, SPOOL THREAD, LADIES' HEAD DRESSES AND VEILS, FANCY SOAPS, HOOP SKIRTS, JEWELRY, SHIRT FRONTS, &C., &C., ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW FOR CASH.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see our stock before buying elsewhere.

E. M. FISHER & L. J. C.
Bedford, May 8, 1863.

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the Erie Pump—certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate.

Persons in need of a good pump will do well to give me a call.

☞ Orders from all parts of the county will be attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg.
Aug. 1, 1862.—3m

CH. G. SOWER, W. H. BARNES, F. C. POTTS.

SOWER, BARNES & CO.,

PUBLISHERS AND DEALERS IN

Miscellaneous, School and Blank Books

AND

STATIONERY,

No. 37, North Third Street, below Arch,
PHILADELPHIA.

PUBLISHERS OF PELTON'S OUTLINE MAPS AND KEYS, The largest and best Outline Maps ever published
SANDER'S NEW READERS, GREENLEAF'S AND BROOKS' ARITHMETICS, &C.
Blank Books, Writing, Wrapping, Curtain and Wall Papers.
March 6, 1863.

PETER ARMBRUSTER & BRO.,
No. 306 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
LOOKING GLASSES, COMBS, CEDAR WARE, CORN BROOMS & BRUSHES,
Laces, Cambrics, Jaconets, Mull Muslins, Gloves and Hosiery of all kinds,
And a general stock of FRENCH, GERMAN and ENGLISH GOODS.
March 6, 1863.—1y

ARMAR YOUNG, DAVID YOUNG, H. C. MOORE.

ARMAR YOUNG, BRO. & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
EMBROIDERIES, LACES,
White Goods, Hosiery, Mitts, Gloves, Trimmings &c., No. 429 Market Street, 418 Commerce street, PHILADELPHIA.
March 6, 1863.—1y

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

Black, Dark Blue, Light Blue, Claret Brown, Dark Brown, Light Brown, Snuff Brown, Crimson, Dark Drab, Light Drab, Dark Green, Light Green,

Magenta, Maroon, Orange, Pink, Purple, Royal Purple, Salmon, Scarlet, Slate, Solferino, Violet, Yellow.

For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods, Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Children's Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

☞ A SAVING OF 80 PER CENT.

For 25 cts you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same Dye. The process is simple, and any one can use the Dye with perfect success.

Directions in English, French and German, inside of each package.

For further information, in Dyeing and giving a perfect knowledge what colors are best adapted to dye over others, (with many valuable recipes,) purchase Howe & Stevens' Treatise on Dyeing and Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 cents.

Manufactured by HOWE & STEVENS.
280 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers generally.
September 25, 1863—6m.

Terrible Disclosures—Secrets for the Million.

A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings. Dr. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps, or three copies for $1. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division Street, New York.
June 5, 1863—1yw

NEW ESTABLISHMENT!

SADDLES, BRIDLES AND HARNESS!

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Bloody Run and vicinity, that he has just opened out a new shop for the manufacture of Saddles, Bridles, Harness and everything usually in the saddlery line of business. His work will be warranted as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest. Having been employed, for some time, in some of the best manufactories in Pittsburg, he flatters himself that he is able to give entire satisfaction to all who may become his customers.—The public are invited to give him a call. Shop next door to the store of Captain Wm. States.

W. L. LENTZ.
Bloody Run, June 12, 1863.

Pension and Bounty Claims.

U. H. AKERS has received all the forms and instructions for procuring Soldiers' Pension and Bounty money. He also has a partner in Washington City to prosecute the claims speedily.
Bedford, Nov. 27, 1863—tf

UNION HOTEL.

WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA.

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms. A splendid LIVERY STABLE is attached to this hotel. [May 9, 1862.